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Boards & Scenery: Famous Gaming

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Welcome to Mutant Chronicles Warzone Resurrection!

The richly visualised Mutant Chronicles dark future has been exciting gamers and science fiction fans for over 20 years. Warzone Resurrection is the tabletop miniatures skirmish game, set in the Mutant Chronicles dark SciFi Future.

The Solar System is besieged by abominations from the dark beyond, infernal hybrids of undead alien flesh brought into existence by the Dark Symmetry. Mankind is divided into five rival megacorporations, concerned only with profit and territory, as they tear the inner worlds apart in bitter, internecine war. United in faith under the Brotherhood, Mankind may yet prevail – divided, they shall surely fall as the Dark Legion sweeps all before it.

In this lavishly illustrated Rule Book you will find all the rules and Squads bios you need to play Warzone Resurrection. You will meet, among many, the hero of the Bauhaus Corporation, Max Steiner, the Capitolian man-mountain Big Bob Watts, the beautiful but deadly Blessed Vestal Laura, the cruel Lord Commander Nozaki of Mishima and Archmagus Valpurgius, favoured of the Dark Legion... Where do your allegiances lie and who will command your forces?

Warzone Resurrection is a 28mm scale table top skirmish wargame for two or more players, each fielding units of warriors drawn from one of the mighty megacorporations of Mankind, the Brotherhood or its vile enemy, the Dark Legion.

WZR is a reimaging of the wonderfully dark Mutant Chronicles setting, bringing the 1990s vision of the vibrant and terrifying 27th Century bang up to date for the new millennium. Prodos Games has designed over 200 new miniatures (models), each and every one highly detailed, the cutting edge of model design. We have also commissioned new artwork and prose from world renowned artists and writers and designed an all new and innovative rule set which centres on not only these beautiful models, but also enables both cinematic and engaging battles, which elevate tabletop gaming to a whole new level!

Novel to tabletop gaming, the WZR game involves both Models and Cards. The Models are your skirmish force, the cards represent in-game resources, additional wargear, global and local effects on the battlefield etc. Such unexpected effects may make the likelihood of completing your Priority, Secondary or Corporate Agenda Mission easier or near on impossible. In a real battle it is likely that a soldier would not know his opponents wargear, whether the enemy has grenades or laser-sights. Both sides might be surprised by a Martian earthquake or a Mercurian solar flare. The Venusian jungle cover may be infested by the local fauna or unexpectedly reinforced from a previous long forgotten battle. War is rarely predictable, especially when it takes place on the planets, planetoids and asteroids of the solar system. All these and many more variables are represented by the cards you and your opponent play; making Warzone Resurrection a truly novel and the most realistic and exciting tabletop miniature skirmish game on the market.

So, can you help Mankind hold back the darkness or will you be a key agent of the Dark Legion bringing Mankind the annihilation it truly deserves?

If you want to learn more and or join the ‘Official Warzone Resurrection Forum’ come and see us at www.warzonegame.com and join the Facebook Like page.
GENERAL RULES

DICE ROLLS

In Warzone Resurrection, dice allow the element of chance to be represented, which is key to a fun, exciting and tactically challenging tabletop game.

Warzone Resurrection uses 20 sided dice, referred to as ‘D20’ throughout the Warzone Resurrection rules. If there is a number in front of ‘D20’, then that is the number of 20-sided dice that should be rolled (i.e. ‘2D20’ = Roll 2 20-sided dice). All tests, rolls and rerolls in the Game are made by rolling D20 dice.

Reroll – A Player may only reroll once (players may not reroll a reroll). If the Player is able to reroll and chooses to do so, they must keep the second result, even if it is worse than the first result.

Off the Table! – D20 rolls count only if they land on the gaming table. If a D20 happens to roll off of the table, it must be rolled again, the result only counts if it lands on the table. (This is the only exception to the no rerolling a reroll rule, i.e. rerolls that land off of the table must be rolled again).

Power Shot – Dice rolls which result in a natural 20 (unmodified result of a 20) are always successful. Armour and AV tests or ‘Heal’ rolls cannot be made if the RS, CC or WP test results in a natural 1.

Fumble – Rolls of a natural 20 are always a failure. Any Model that rolls a natural 20 for any Skill test may spend no further Action Points in the Game Turn. They also cannot ‘Turn to Burn’ any further Resource Cards this Game Turn.

For Example: A Chasseur uses his 1st Action Point to make a Basic Shooting Action. The Chasseur’s ‘AR501 Chain Carbine’ has RoF 2, the Player allocates all RoF to an enemy Model, then the Player rolls 2D20. One of the rolls is a 20, meaning that the Chasseur loses his 2nd Action Point, but may still complete the initiated Action (one further shot).

SKILL TESTS

In order to pass a ‘Skill test’, roll equal to or less than the relevant skill Value of the Model.

For Example: a Model with a ‘Range Skill’ of 12 (RS 12) after any Modifiers, needs a roll of 12 or less on a D20 to successfully passes the RS (Range Skill) test.

MODIFIERS

Modifiers follow the mathematical principle: first multiply then divide, add then subtract (i.e. 3x2+2= 8).

MEASUREMENT

Players may measure any distance (i.e. movement, shooting, Squad Coherency etc.) at any point in the Game. This is commonly referred to as ‘pre-measuring’. Models without a base (and Terrain pieces) are measured from the nearest point of the Model to the target, unless stated otherwise. Models with a Base should be measured from the nearest part of the Base edge to the target’s Base edge.

R – ‘Range’. The effective distance of the weapon, measured in inches. For Close Combat Attacks the R is used to determine Close Combat Weapon Range (CCWR).

St – ‘Strength’. The Strength of a Model’s Weapon will Modify the Armour Value of its target and for Close Combat weapons it will Modify its user’s St.

RoF/Roa – ‘Rate of Fire’/’Rate of Attack’. The amount of a Skill tests that can be made during a Ranged or Close Combat Attack.

AVV – ‘Anti Vehicle Value’. This value will Modify the Armoured Value (AV) of targets with SP (Structure Points).

Type. The characteristic which represents the type of ammunition or the weapon’s construction. The type of a weapon might be found more or less effective depending on the type of armour worn by a targeted Model.

MINIATURE DEFINITIONS

Body – The body of a Model includes the legs, torso, arms, head and backpack. Any other details on the Model are not classified as part of Models Body.

Any parts of the Model that extend beyond the Base circumference do not count as part of the Body.

RC – ‘Range Cranial’. The maximum distance a Model can travel in inches in one Game Turn is twice its Movement Value. Movement does not have to be made in a straight line (unless stated otherwise).

CC – Close Combat. The number required to roll on a D20 for a Close Combat test.

RS – Range Skill. The number required to roll on a D20 for a Range Skill test.

St – Strength. The strength of a Model will affect the Armour Value of its target and for Close Combat weapons it will modify its user’s St.

AVV – ‘Anti Vehicle Value’. This value will modify the Armoured Value (AV) of targets with SP (Structure Points).

Type. The characteristic which represents the type of ammunition or the weapon’s construction. The type of a weapon might be more or less effective depending on the type of armour worn by a targeted Model.

Model Types and Stat Lines

A Model’s Stat line represents the skills and abilities of the Model. Each Skill can be temporarily or permanently affected as the Game progresses. Most are used as the starting point for calculating the number needed to roll on a D20:

**M** – ‘Movement’ is the distance in inches that the Model can travel when making a basic Move Action. A Model’s minimum movement distance can never be reduced below 2”, unless specifically defined.

For Example: a Player Card states that a Model’s Movement Value is reduced to 0.

**The maximum distance a Model can travel in inches in one Game Turn is twice its Movement Value. Movement does not have to be made in a straight line (unless stated otherwise).**

**ARMOUR**

No Stat Value can be Modified below a Value of 1, except for Wound Value. No Stat Value can be Modified above a Value of 20.

**WEAPONS STAT VALUES**

**Blauforce HMG 1000 ‘Deathlockdrum’**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stats</th>
<th>AVV</th>
<th>Type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ST (24)</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoF</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RoA</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Piercing (A)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Eagle’s Eye**

**Avian’s Hide**

**Divine Power**

**Stella’s Power of the Void**

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**Bases**

- Small Bases are 50mm in diameter.
- Medium Bases are 40mm in diameter and are used for Warlords and Lords, and larger Models.
- Large Bases are 50mm or more in diameter and used for large Models and Light Vehicles.
- Heavy Vehicles often do not have a base or have a special base (e.g., heavy flyers).

**Facing Area**

All Models in Warzone Resurrection have a Facing Area. This is used specifically to calculate the Cover Modifier for intervening Models. The Facing Area is defined by the diameter of the Model's Base and physical height of the Model (or in the case of Models that do not have a base the ‘footprint’ and physical height of the Model).

The minimum Facing Area is:
- Small Bases: minimum Facing Area Height: 1”
- Medium Bases: minimum Facing Area Height: 1.5”
- Large Bases: minimum Facing Area Height: 2”
- Heavy Vehicles: Use the height to the top of the hull or turret, whichever is higher.

For Example: The minimum Facing Area of an infantry Model mounted on a Medium Base equal to the diameter of the base x height of 1.5”, regardless of the Model’s pose.

**Line of Sight (LOS).**

If a straight, unblocked, ‘Line of Sight’ (LOS) from the Body of the firing Model to any part of the Body of the target Model can be drawn, the firing Model has ‘Line of Sight’ (LOS) to the target.

**Models Facing**

All Models in Warzone Resurrection have two facings: Front and Rear. The two Facings split a Model’s Base or ‘Footprint’ into two equal parts. The Front Facing will be in the same direction as the model’s chest or the front of the Vehicle. Models only have LOS in their Front Facing. Models can only perform Shooting and Close Combat Actions in their Front Facing.

**Example:**

For Example: The Everassur has two Undead Legionnaires within its Front Facing.

---

**The Battle of Alpha Regio**

Fought at the opening of the Second Great War against the Dark Legion, the Battle of Alpha Regio saw the armies of Golgotha, Mistress of Pain, engage a Cybertronic stronghold high on the Tessera. To exactly where and when the battle was fought is still the subject of much debate amongst corporate military strategists. The Cybertronic facility, coded Fac-9-Delta, was little more than a militarised observatory in that region nor was there any apparent reason to seek heights of the Tessera, perhaps in an effort to clear corporate forces from any strategic stronghold within range of her Dark Citadel.

It is evident from post battle reports and tactical down-links that the Cybertronic forces had anticipated interference from Dark Legion forces in the region and had taken steps to frustrate their position while their scientists and technicians conducted their research into the source of Pain, the Chasseur’s Commander was prepared. Ingesting a pre-planned biohazardly by these Broadhead Deathdroids, he fled, and so too the unnumbered hordes of Legionnaires that shall emerge from them. At the top of the Tessera were the Cybertronic commander instigated the next stage of the prepared defense turn as the scientists and technicians withdrew to the atmospheric craft stationed at the crest, loading a number of crates into their loading bays.

The Chasseurs and Cruisers moving from the island turned back with spilled, necrotic fluids. The defenders remained calm despite the overwhelming numbers, unswerving in their role as symbols of the Dark Legion. The Chasseur’s Commander was prepared. Ingesting a pre-planned biohazardly by these Broadhead Deathdroids, he fled, and so too the unnumbered hordes of Legionnaires that shall emerge from them. At the top of the Tessera, the Cybertronic soldiers did not even flinch.

An hour into the assault, the slopes carpeted with the ruined bodies of hundreds of Undead Legionnaires, Cybertronic’s researchers completed their evacuation, leaving the Chasseur Commander and his forces to hold the crest of Alpha Regio. The fact that this prize they had garnered from beneath the Tessera turned black with spilled, necrotic fluids. The defenders remained calm despite the overwhelming numbers, unswerving in their role as symbols of the Dark Legion. The Chasseur’s Commander was prepared. Ingesting a pre-planned biohazardly by these Broadhead Deathdroids, he fled, and so too the unnumbered hordes of Legionnaires that shall emerge from them. At the top of the Tessera, the Cybertronic soldiers did not even flinch.

But that final phase was never instigated. At the new and valuable intelligence gathered by the Chasseur’s Commander, the Cybertronic commander finally attained the summit of Alpha Regio in towering figures of pale, supple flesh strode from the jungle and began the ascent. The commander had noted that the enemy’s forces had no means of extracting themselves and that their mission had been to buy time for the scientists to escape with whatever was left. Before being overrun, the commander decided to restore his control and pass on to his corporation. The best way to achieve this was to confront the enemy in combat whilst keeping his tactical up-load active as long as possible.

The Chasseur’s Commander was determined to exploit the enemy’s vulnerability, knowing that the enemy’s forces had no means of escaping the Cybertronic’s power. The Chasseur’s Commander ordered the final stage of his defensive plan to be put into action.

Thus, when the jungles at the base of the Tessera swelled with Undead Legionnaires and the other numerous foot troops of the Mis-
In Warzone Resurrection, each Model is an individual. As such, these individuals are capable of making their own decisions (Actions). Whilst one Squad member may choose to advance on their opponent, spending all of their energy on running as fast as they can, another in the same Squad might take a moment to take aim and then fire with pinpoint accuracy.

**ACTION POINTS**

Each Model in the Game has 2 Action Points (unless stated otherwise). For simplicity this Value is not included on the Stat lines. Once a Model uses all of its Action Points, it is De-activated for the rest of the Game Turn. Activated Models that begin their Activation already ‘Engaged’ have only 1 Action Point to spend.

**GENERAL ACTION RULES**

If more than one Action requires an immediate reaction, the Player with the Initiative decides the order that they are completed. No Action can be Activated more than once per Model per Game Turn (unless stated otherwise).

**BASIC ACTIONS (1 ACTION POINT)**

Requiring only a short burst of energy, Basic Actions are the most common of all Actions in Warzone Resurrection. The Basic Actions in Warzone Resurrection are as follows:

- **Move Action** – Models can make a Movement up to their Movement Value in inches. This measurement is made from the Base edge of the Model, (or ‘footprint’ of a Model which has no base).

- Engage Action – Models can travel up to their Movement Value x2 in inches. An ‘Engage’ Action can only be made if a CCWR (Close Combat Weapon Range – see the Close Combat section) is reached. If the distance moved is reduced and a CCWR cannot therefore be reached, the Engage Action fails. The model loses its remaining Action Points and travels in the same direction as the failed Engage Action at its Modified Movement Value.

- **Shooting Action** – A Model completing a Shooting Action gains a +1 Modifier to their Ranged Weapon’s RoF and a -2 Modifier to their St and AVV Modifier.

- **Close Combat Action** – An Engaged Model can spend one Action Point to perform a Close Combat Attack. When making a Close Combat Action, the Model will make a number of CC tests equal to the weapon’s RoA.

- **Morale test to ‘Recover from Pinning’** – As described in the Morale Section.

- **Pass Action** – The Model may spend one Action Point to end its Activation.

- **ADVANCED ACTIONS (2 ACTION POINTS)**

Sometimes, it is worthwhile taking some time on the battelfield, to ensure that a task is done correctly with a significant and lasting effect. Advanced Actions do just this.

- **Run Action** – Models can make a Movement up to their Movement Value x2 in inches. A Run Action follows same rules as a Move Action.

- **Rapid Fire** – A Model completing a Rapid Fire Shooting Action gains a +1 Modifier to their Ranged Weapon’s RoF and a -2 Modifier to their RS for this Action. The weapon’s Range is halved during this Action. Template weapons cannot Rapid Fire.

- **Sentry Action** – A Model may enter Sentry. Models in Sentry can use 1 Action Point (which cannot be increased by any means) during the enemy’s Activation Phase. The following Basic Actions may be made during a Sentry Action: Shooting, Close Combat, Move or Dive for Cover. No more than 2 Models for every 5 Models in a Squad can be placed in Sentry. If the Squad contains less than 5 Models, up to 2 Models can be placed in Sentry.

- **Sentry Actions can be used between the Actions of enemy Models, but require the Model on Sentry to pass a LD test first. If the test is failed then the Model is no longer in Sentry.**
For Example: Player 2 Activates the 1st Model in her Squad. Player 1 can now use a Model in Sentry mode before Player 2 can use any Action Points.

For Example: Player 2 Activates their 3rd Model. Player 1 decides not to use their Model(s) in Sentry at that point, so Player 2 Issues an Engage Action, Engaging a Model in Sentry. Player 1 can choose to use the Model's Sentry Action at this point, after successfully passing a LD test before Player 2 can use its Model's 2nd Action Point.

If a Model in Sentry is targeted by a Ranged Attack it may make a Dive for Cover Action to enter a piece of Cover, causing an additional -2 Modifier to the enemy Model's RS. A Dive for Cover Action cannot be attempted if no Cover is within Movement Value of the Model on Sentry (this can be affected by applicable Modifiers as normal) and if the Model does not have sufficient Movement allowance remaining. If the Model travels out of LOS of the Model making a Ranged Attack, the Ranged Attack is still completed but with a -6 Modifier to RS.

Dive for Cover is the only Sentry Action that can occur during an enemy Model's Activation and only if targeted by a Ranged Attack.

For Example: A Capitol Light Infantryman in Sentry passes his LD test when targeted by a Ranged Attack from a Cybertronic Chasseur and chooses to Dive for Cover into nearby Light Terrain (thus Claiming the Cover). The total RS Modifier taken by the Cybertronic Chasseur is equal to -4 (-2 for Light Cover and -2 for Dive for Cover).

'Activated/Deactivated' – A Model that is Activated may spend Action Points and use its Active Special Skills. Deactivated Models are Models which have been Activated or are counted as having been Activated in the Game Turn.

'Active: (X)' – A Special Skill/Rule can be described as ‘Active’. Active Special Skills/Rules can only be used by the relevant Activated Model and will cost the Model Action Points, or the Player Resource Cards as stated in the relevant ‘Active: (X) Special Skill/Rule’. All Active Skills last for 1 Game Turn, unless otherwise stated in the description.

'At the beginning of Squad Activation' – If a Squad must make several Actions ‘at the beginning of Squad Activation’, ‘Recover from Pinning’ and ‘Recover from Broken’ Actions must always be made before any other Actions are made. The order of any other Actions that must be made ‘at the beginning of Squad Activation’ are made in a sequence decided by the controlling Player.

'Autohit' – If a Ranged or Close Combat Attack is described as being an ‘Autohit’, this means the RS or CC test is always successful.

'B2B' – an acronym for Base to Base.

'Close Combat Attack' – Any kind of Action which requires a Model to make a CC test is a Close Combat Attack.

'Count as' – Any action which is “counts as X Action” follows the same rules as the ‘X’ Action described in the Rulebook, thus, “counts as a Shooting Action” costs a Model one Action Point, needs LOS and can be completed only in the Model’s Front Facing.

'Dash Values' – If any Value in the Stats of a Model or weapon has a ‘-’ Value, it means that it cannot be used. Models that are forced to make a Skill test with a ‘-’ Value always pass the Skill test.

'Dash' – If a Model is required to make a Dash Test, it automatically passes.

'Critical Damage' – Some weapons are naturally so powerful that they have what is referred to as Critical Force or Critical Damage. Other weapons can have their St increased to Critical Force level (e.g. by ‘Focus Fire’ or by the use of particular Gear Cards). If a Wound Effect is caused with St18 or more, ‘Critical Force (X)’ is caused. The ‘Critical Force’ level is dependant of the St of the Attack.

- St 18 has Critical Force (2) – Each Wound Effect inflicts 2 Wounds per failed Armour test
- St 19 has Critical Force (3) – Each Wound Effect inflicts 3 Wounds per failed Armour test
- St 20 has Critical Force (4) – Each Wound Effect inflicts 4 Wounds per failed Armour test

Failed AV tests against weapons with Critical Damage (X) result in a loss of Structure Points equal to X.

'Dividing' – If a skill test requires any mathematical division (for Example: ‘halved’) always round up.

For Example: for Squad Coherency, the LD Value is divided by 2. If the LD Value is 17, divide 17 by 2 which equals 8.5, which is rounded up to 9.

'Dividing' – If a Model is required to make a Skill test with a ‘-’ Value, it means that it cannot be used. Models that are forced to make a Skill test with a ‘-’ Value always pass the Skill test.
'Destroyed' – Every 'Destroyed' Vehicle always counts towards Body Count Value (see Missions Section), regardless of whether the Vehicle remains in play as a piece of Terrain or not.

'Elevation' – If the vertical distance between any Model is larger than 'X' (where 'X' is defined on the following table and is measured from Base to Base) then the Models are considered to be at Different Elevations.
• If both models are on Small Bases the X is equal to 1".
• If either Model is on a Medium Base the X is equal to 2".
• If either Model is on a Large Base the X is equal to 4".
• If either Model has no Base the X is equal to 4".
• Always use the highest relevant number on the table.

'Passive: (X)' – A Special Skill/Rule can be described as 'Passive'. Passive Special Skills/Rules are always in effect.

'Ranged Attack' – Any kind of Action which requires a Model to make a RS test is a Ranged Attack. Any Psychic Ranged Attack is also classified as a Ranged Attack.

'Removed as a casualty' – Any model that is 'removed from the Board as a casualty' is counted towards Body Count Value (see the Missions Section).

'Stun Effect' – Models which receive a Stun Effect must, at the beginning of their next Activation, spend their first Action Point to recover from Stun Effect. A Model can only be affected by 1 Stun Effect at any one time. If a Model that is uncovered from 'Stun Effect' is forced to travel by any means from its location or if it becomes Pinned or Broken, the Model automatically recovers from Stun Effect. CC tests against unrecovered Models are automatically successful.

'Target priority' – Any 'Basic', 'Advanced' or 'Squad Special' Actions made against another Model (i.e. Shooting, Engage) must be directed at the nearest enemy Model within 12" and within LOS. Engaged Models are ignored for Target Priority. If there are no enemy Models within 12" from the Activated Model, then the Action may be directed at any other Model on the board that is in range and LOS of the attacker. Models can ignore the Target Priority rule if they have the 'Target Sense' Special Skill.

'Models without the 'Target Sense' Special Skill gain it by passing a LD test with the appropriate Modifiers for each Action. If the test is failed, the Action Point is lost, although a second Ranged Attack can be made. If a Model with 'Target Sense' is participating in a Ranged Squad Special Action, all Models participating in this Action gain 'Target Sense'.

When there is more than one enemy Model at the same and nearest distance, either can be targeted as the Primary Target without need for a Target Sense test.

For Example: The Armoured Chasseurs are closing on the Razide and are all within 12" of it. The Razide must target Chasseur B, as he is the nearest to the Razide, unless the Razide passes a LD test to gain the 'Target Sense' Special Skill.

'Tokens' – some Special Rules or Skills often ask to place a 30mm round token as a point of reference. There are two types of tokens:
1. Tokens with Structure Points – These tokens, if not specified otherwise, count as Light Terrain and cannot be placed on Impassable Terrain.
2. Tokens without Structure Points – these tokens are placed only as a point of reference and can be placed anywhere on the Battlefield including Impassable Terrain (if not specified otherwise).

Models cannot stay Engaged with a token.

'Designer’s Note: Please note, any Model (friendly or foe) counts as Impassible Terrain.'
Squad can consist of one Model, such as the Warlord, or a number of Models. Each Squad is Activated once per Game Turn. Every Model in the Squad must be Activated before play moves to the next Player.

Squad Commanders

Each Squad must have a designated Squad Commander which is nominated before the Game starts, the designated Model is a heroic individual, a veteran of many battles or the most senior in the chain of command. Any Model in the Squad (unless otherwise specified), regardless of armament, may be allocated as the Squad Commander. The Model in a Squad consisting of one Model is the Squad Commander.

If the Squad Commander is removed from play, an Acting Squad Commander must be allocated and the Squad receives a -2 Modifier to their LD Value for the rest of the Game. The Acting Squad Commander is nominated only for Squad Coherency purposes. If this Model is lost, a new Acting Squad Commander is selected in order to issue the ‘Focus Fire’ Squad Special Action. Occasionally, the whole is greater than the sum of its parts; if a team works together, they can focus fire on an enemy Vehicle or Monster or swarm a Warlord. Squad Special Actions are a team approach.

Squad Coherency

Squad Coherency is defined as the Squads chance to stay as a team. All Models in a Squad must stay in Squad Coherency, which is defined in inches by the LD Value of the Squad Commander or Acting Squad Commander divided by two. Squad Coherency is measured as per the Measurement rules.

For Example: A Squad Commander has a LD Value of 16, so every Model in the Squad must be within 8” of the Squad Commander. If a Model is removed from play, the Squad suffers a Squad Commander Lost Modifier of -2 to LD. The Squad therefore has to be within 7” of the Acting Squad Commander for the rest of the Game to be in Squad Coherency.

During the course of a Game, it is possible that a Squad member will find themselves out of Squad Coherency. If this occurs, any Model out of Squad Coherency must be Activated, the Player rolls for Focus Fire.

Focus Fire

A minimum of 3 Models from the same Squad must be selected in order to issue the ‘Focus Fire’ Squad Special Action. The Models participating in a Focus Fire must be in Range and in LOS of the target at the end of their Activation. Occasionally, the whole is greater than the sum of its parts; if a team works together, they can focus fire on an enemy Vehicle or Monster or swarm a Warlord. Squad Special Actions are a team approach.

Squad Coherency at Various Elevations

When measuring for Squad Coherency at different Elevations, measure the shortest distance from the Squad Commander’s or Acting Squad Commander’s Base to the other Model’s Base, or any part of the Model’s Body if the Base is not within LOS, measuring in a straight line.

Squad Special Actions

Squad Special Actions can only be issued at the beginning of a Squad Activation; each Squad Special Action costs 1 Action Point for every Model in the Squad, even if some of the Models cannot or do not participate in the Squad Special Action. Only one Squad Special Action can be issued in a Game Turn per Squad. After declaration, but before a Squad Special Action takes place, the Models can use their remaining Action Point(s).

For Example: If no Model has LOS to a target enemy Model, the Player can still issue the Focus Fire Squad Special Action against the target enemy Model. However the Player must then spend the participating Models remaining Action Points in order to bring them in to LOS of the Model targeted by Focus Fire. Once the last participating Model is Deactivated, the Player rolls for Focus Fire.

For Example: The Chasseur Squad Commander has a Squad Coherency Value of 8

A Player can choose the take a model out of Squad Coherency at any point, but it should be remembered that a Model out of Squad Coherency at the beginning of its next Activation must make a Run Action to return to Squad Coherency.

For Example: The Player declares the Swarm Squad Special Action against an enemy Model, then uses any remaining Action Points in order to Engage the target Model with as many Models from the Squad taking part in the Swarm Squad Special Action. When all remaining Actions have been made, the Player then rolls for the Swarm Squad Special Action.

Focus Fire cannot be used against Engaged Models.
Weapon Special Rules or Modifiers (Skills, Strategy Cards etc.) of participating Models are not in effect during the Focus Fire Squad Special Action.

Models with only Template Ranged weapons cannot participate in a Focus Fire Squad Special Action.

For each Model participating in a Focus Fire Squad Special Action with an obscured LOS to the target (regardless of whether it is Light or Heavy Terrain), a -1 Modifier to the Focus Fire RS is applied.

For Example: A Squad of 6 Models with RS 12 focus fires on a Razide; so would have RS12+6; St 12 (lowest St Value of participating range weapon) + (6x RoF1) = St18. Three of the shooting Models have obscured LOS to the Razide as more than 25% of the Razide is behind Cover. Therefore the RS of 18 is modified by -3 (due to 3 of the participants having an obscured LOS) to 15.

**SWARM**

A minimum of 3 Models must be Engaged to be able to complete a Swarm Squad Special Action.

The Player makes a single CC test (ignoring the weapon’s RoA) with a +6 Modifier to CC, using the highest CC Value of any one Squad member participating in the Swarm.

The St of the weapon during this Squad Special Action is equal to the lowest sum of a participating Model’s St Value and the St of its weapon plus the sum of the RoA of all Models participating in the Swarm.

The weapon type is always counted as Piercing in a Swarm Squad Special Action.

Swarming Models do not receive an Engage Bonus. For every 3 Models participating in the Swarm, the Close Combat Attack gains Critical Force +1 and AVV +1. Designer Note: If the Swarm Squad Special Action St is equal to 18, the Close Combat Attack would gain Critical Force (2). For every 3 Models participating in the Swarm the Critical Force gains an additional +1 Modifier. Models receiving a Wound Effect from the Swarm cannot use the ‘Heal’ Special Skill.

Weapon Special Rules or Modifiers (Skills, Strategy Cards etc.) of participating Models are not in effect during the Swarm Squad Special Action.

**SUPPRESSION FIRE**

This Squad Special Action can only be carried out by Squads with the ‘Suppression Fire’ Special Skill. A minimum of 5 Models from the same Squad must be selected in order to issue the Suppression Fire Squad Special Action.

The Models participating in a Suppression Fire must be in Range and in LOS of the target at the end of their Activation.

The Models completing the Suppression Fire Squad Special Action cannot make any other Shooting Actions in the same Game Turn.

The Player does not need to make a RS test to use Suppression Fire.

If a Squad targeted by ‘Suppression Fire’ travels more than 2” in the same Game Turn, it must take a Con test. If the test is failed, the Model receives an immediate Autohit with St equal to the lowest St Value of Ranged weapons participating in the Suppression Fire.

The weapon type is always counted as Blast in a Suppression Fire Squad Special Action.

**SQUAD COMMANDERS**

Quite simply, their job is to command Squads. Before the Game starts each Player must nominate one Model from each Squad to be the Squad Commander.

Squad Commanders have the Guarded Special Skill.

**LORDS**

Lords are individuals that can join Troops and Support Squads or act as an independent Squad of their own. The Player must choose to attach the Lord to another Squad before the Game starts. Lords cannot leave a Squad that they have joined or join any other Squads during the Game. Lords count as part of the Squad for Activation purposes. Squads lose Rapid Deployment and/or Infiltrate if a Lord is attached, unless the Lord has the same Special Skill. The Lord must be the Squad Commander of any Squad it joins. If a Lord is removed as a casualty, nominate an Acting Squad Commander as normal.

Lords have the Shielded Special Skill.

**WARLORD**

This is your General; the ultimate communication link with HQ. All Squads can use the Warlord’s LD if at least one Model from the Squad is within 10” of the Warlord. Warlords always act independently and so cannot join Squads.

Warlords have the Shielded Special Rule.
Morale checks are required at certain points within a Game of Warzone Resurrection. Morale checks are made by rolling a D20 and comparing the result against the Squad Commander’s or Acting Squad Commander’s LD Value with any appropriate Modifiers. If the D20 roll is equal to or less than the Squad Commander’s or Acting Squad Commander’s modified LD Value, the test is passed and the Squad continues as before the test was taken. If the D20 roll is higher, the test is failed and the Squad will suffer a negative effect dependant on the kind of Morale check being taken.

**Pinning**
When a Squad loses 50% or more of the Squad members (100% equals the number of Models in the Squad at the start of the Game Turn) in one Game Turn, a Pinning test must be taken. If the test is failed, the Squad is Pinned. Pinned Squads have a positive Modifier of +2 to Armour Value against Ranged Attacks, but cannot complete any Actions apart from Recover from Pinning until they have successfully ‘Recovered from Pinning’. A Squad can only make one Pinning test per Game Turn.

**Broken**
When a Squad loses 75% or more of the Squad members (100% equals the number of Models in the Squad at the start of the Game Turn) in one Game Turn, a Break test must be taken. If the test is failed, the Squad is Broken. Broken Squads must immediately travel x2 Movement Value Towards the nearest friendly Deployment Board edge, taking the shortest route possible (i.e. avoiding Impassable Terrain). If playing a Mission in which an army does not have its own Deployment Board edge, Squads in that army that failed a Break test must immediately travel towards the nearest board edge, taking the shortest route possible (i.e. avoiding Impassable Terrain). This counts as a free move and does not factor in to the Models maximum Movement allowance per Game Turn. Broken Models cannot interact with Objective Markers or hold Table Zones.

All Special and Basic Close Combat Actions made against a ‘Broken’ Model are passed automatically. Engaged Models from a Broken Squad do not lose an Action Point for their 1st attempt of ‘Regroup from Broken’. Broken Models cannot complete a CC Action. Broken Models which travel into or through the CCWR of an enemy Model receive a Free Slash immediately from the enemy Model.

**Morale Test to Recover from Pinning**
To recover from Pinning, the Squad must spend one Action Point at the beginning of the Squad’s Activation to attempt to ‘ Recover from Pinning’ by taking a Morale test with a –2 Modifier to LD. This attempt costs all Models in the Squad one Action Point. This Action must be repeated if failed the first time. If both attempts fail, the Squad is Deactivated and stays Pinned. Close Combat Attacks made against a Pinned Model have a +4 Modifier to Close Combat Value.

**Morale Test to Regroup from Broken**
To regroup from being broken, the Squad must spend one Action Point at the beginning of the Squad’s Activation to attempt to ‘Regroup from Broken’ by taking a Morale test with a –6 Modifier to LD. This attempt costs all Models in the Squad one Action Point. This Action must be repeated if failed the first time.
Warzone Resurrection is a Game that involves not only dice, but also cards. Before playing a Game of Warzone Resurrection, the Players should decide whether they will play a Basic Game, where they use only Resource Cards, or whether they will play an Advanced Game. The Advanced Game includes the use of Resource Cards and also a deck of cards which add an element of character and realism to the Game.

**BASIC GAME RULES**

When playing the ‘Basic Game Rules’, the use of cards is limited to Resource Cards. No other cards are required for this version of the Game. The **number of Resource Cards** that each Player starts with is dependent on the relevant Player’s Warlord choice and how many **Troop Squad Commanders** are in their control.

**WARLORDS AND RESOURCE CARDS**

Warlords are the conduit between their force and the higher echelons of the command structure they work for. Depending on the Warlord Type they have access to Resource Cards as allocated:

Each Troop Squad Commander also provides 1 Resource Card. Resource Cards are allocated by the Warlord and Troop Squad Commanders, but they can be ‘Turned to Burn’ for any model in the Player’s force.

For Example: Alakhai is a Close Combat Warlord, so he starts with 3 Resource Cards. Alakhai’s army also contains 2 Squads of Undead Legionnaires, each led by a Necromutant Squad Commander. Each Necromutant Squad Commander will allocate a further 1 Resource Card. This means that Alakhai’s army will have 5 Resource Cards, 3 from Alakhai and 1 from each Necromutant Squad Commander.

**RESOURCE CARDS**

Resource Cards are not normally removable, however if a Warlord or Troop Squad Commander is removed from play, a number of Resource Cards equal to the number of Resource Cards it provided at the beginning of the Game are also lost. **It is the controlling Player’s choice which Resource Cards they remove** (i.e. a ‘Turned to Burn’ Resource Card may be removed). Under no circumstances, can a removed Resource Card be returned to the Game once it has been removed.

For Example: Player 1’s Ronin Squad has just lost its Squad Commander. The Model is removed from play and with it, a Resource Card. The Controlling Player chooses to remove a Resource Card they had already ‘Turned to Burn’ this Game Turn. Whereas Player 2 loses his Commander Dr. Diana. Commander Dr. Diana is a ‘Tech’ Warlord so Player 2 must immediately discard any 4 of his Resource Cards.

**‘TURN TO BURN’ (BASIC GAME ONLY)**

Players can ‘Turn to Burn’ a Resource Card in any of the following ways:

A. To give the selected Model (but not to a Vehicle) a third Action Point; can only be used once per Model per Turn.

B. To add ‘Heal (3)’ to the selected Model; can only be used once per Wound Effect.

C. To Activate a Squad Special Skill if applicable or required.

D. To Modify the RoF or RoA Value of a single weapon by +1. ‘Turn to Burn’ and declare before making a Shooting or Close Combat Action. This cannot be used to increase the RoF or RoA during Special Actions. Only 1 Resource Card per Model per Game Turn can be used in this way.
It is rare that a character enters the Warzone with naught but the shirt on its back. To represent this, every non-Vehicle Model in Warzone Resurrection has an Armour Value.

The Armour Value represents the strength of the wearer’s Armour. The higher the Armour Value, the better the Armour is. Some Armour Values have a second number in brackets. This bracketed number represents the minimum number an Armour Value can be modified to, this is referred to as Impenetrable Armour.

For Example: The Everassur’s Armour Value is 16 (12) meaning that if the Everassur needed to take an unmodified Armour test a D20 roll of 16 or less would be needed. If there were Armour Modifiers their cumulative Value can never reduce the Everassur’s Armour Value to below 12.

Unless otherwise specified, if an Attack states that no Armour test can be taken then the Model cannot make any Armour test against this Attack, regardless of whether it has Impenetrable Armour or not.

WEAPON TYPE

All Weapons have a characteristic to represent their nature. Some, for example, may be described as ‘Piercing’, or ‘Blast’, or ‘Plasma’. Often the weapon may be better or worse at penetrating an armour type. To represent this, the Stat line of each Squad will often include Modifier information which needs to be applied if the Squad is targeted by a particular weapon type.

For Example: Chasseurs are stated as wearing ‘Titanium plates (Blast-3)’, meaning if they are targeted by a ‘Blast’ Type weapon they receive an additional -3 Modifier to Armour Value. Occasionally an Armour Type may receive a positive Modifier against a particular weapon type (e.g. Piercing +2), in this case the Model would receive a +2 Modifier to Armour Value if targeted by a Piercing weapon.

WEAPON STRENGTH

The Strength (St) of the weapon also Modifies the Armour Value as shown in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Weapon Strength</th>
<th>Modifier</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1...</td>
<td>+9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>+3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>+1</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>-3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>...20</td>
<td>-10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MODIFIERS TO MOVEMENT

In the Movement Section of Warzone Resurrection there are two definitions, Movement and Movement Value. The Movement Value is a number stated on the Model’s Stat Card and Movement is the distance that a Model can travel depending on the Type of Action Made.

For Example: A Model’s Movement Value of 5 means that the Model can use a Move Action for a Movement of 5”. If a Run Action is made by the Model, then the Movement is equal to 10”.

Modifiers, unless stated otherwise, always affect the Model’s Movement not a Model’s Movement Value.

For Example: A Model with a Movement Value of 5 makes a Run Action. The Model receives a +2” Modifier to Movement, this means that the total Movement that the Model is allowed to travel is equal to 12” (Movement Value: 5 multiplied by 2 for the Run Action and a +2” Modifier).

DUAL MOVEMENT ACTIONS AND MODIFIERS

A Model completing two Movement Actions in any combination (For Example: Move + Engage) can only claim its positive Movement Modifiers to one of the Actions.

TERRAIN

Warzone Resurrection takes place in rugged and hostile locations throughout the Solar System, be that in the depths of space or on an alien planet. The deployed force might be surprised by a Martian earthquake or a Mercurian solar flare. The Venusian jungles can be just as dangerous as the enemy and an apparently benign city ruin provides the perfect cover, but could collapse at any time. A warzone is rarely predictable, especially when it located on the planets, planetoids and asteroids of the solar system.

TERRAIN AREA

Every feature of rough Terrain occupies a specific area on the battlefield; this is referred to as its ‘footprint’. Sometimes a Terrain feature has a clearly defined footprint, i.e. a crater, bunker or building, others however, might be less defined; such as a woodland, ruined building or scrubland. To avoid confusion, the Players must determine the exact footprint of each piece of Terrain before the Game starts.

For the purposes of movement, if the Base or ‘footprint’ of a Model touches or is partially or wholly within the footprint of a Terrain feature it is considered ‘within’ the Terrain. Models that start or end their Activation within Terrain or enter Terrain during a Movement are affected by the appropriate Movement Modifiers.

When LOS is affected by a Claimed or intervening Terrain piece the RS of the shooting Model is modified by the Cover as appropriate. Cover does not modify Armour Value.
Falling from Height

A model which falls from height takes a Piercing Autohit with a St equal to the vertical distance in inches (rounded up) that the Model has fallen, with an additional -6 Modifier to St. A Vehicle takes a Autohit with AVV10 on a random section.

If a Model chooses to travel further downwards than its ‘Free Jump’ distance, it must use its Movement to make the additional distance. Additionally, if a Model chooses to jump further downwards than its ‘Free Jump’ distance (i.e. if a Small Based Model jumped further than 1”), apply the rules for ‘Falling from Height’, but as this has happened as part of a ‘Jump’, the Controlling Player should reduce the ‘distance fallen’ Modifier by an amount equal to their ‘Free Jump’ distance.

For Example: A Hussar has a Movement Value of 5 and chooses to make a ‘Jumping from height’ during its Move Action down a building to the ground floor, jumping 1”. The 1” ‘Jump’ that the Hussar made is free, so once it reaches the Ground Floor, it may now move its full Movement of 5”.

However, if the Hussar had jumped down 2”, his Movement would be reduced by 1” for the extra distance jumped and he would suffer a St, Piercing Autohit (1” extra distance fallen beyond ‘Free Jump’ distance +St for ‘Falling from Height’).

Jumping Across Gaps

As part of a Move, Engage or Run Action, Models can attempt to ‘Jump across gaps’ between two pieces of Terrain. This cannot be performed if the gap is across Impassable Terrain or if the Model cannot be placed under the gap for any reason. If this is the case, the Model must use an alternative route.

When attempting to ‘Jump across gaps’ the following distance restrictions are in place depending on the Base size of the Model:

Small Bases: The maximum gap distance a Model on a Small Base can jump across is 2”. If the gap is less than 1”, the Model moves across it as normal. If the gap is between 1” and 2”, apply an additional Light Terrain Modifier to Movement and cross the gap. Before the Model attempts to cross the gap, it must immediately make a Con test. If this is failed, the Controlling Player must place the Model at the bottom of the gap in Base to Base contact with the Terrain it was attempting to jump on to. The Model then must take an Armour test with the usual Modifiers for ‘Falling from height’.

Medium Bases: The maximum gap distance a Model on a Medium Base can jump across is 5”. If the gap is less than 2”, the Model moves across it as normal. If the gap is between 2” and 3”, apply an additional Light Terrain Modifier to Movement and cross the gap. Before the Model attempts to cross the gap, it must immediately make a Con test. If this is failed, the Controlling Player must place the Model at the bottom of the gap in Base to Base contact with the Terrain it was attempting to jump on to. The Model then must take an Armour test with the usual Modifiers for ‘Falling from height’.

For Example: The Cuirassier ‘Attila’ MK.III still takes a Movement Modifier for moving in the Heavy Terrain (Ruins).
Climbing

As part of a Move, Run or Engage Action a Model may change Elevation by Climbing. Use the following measuring approach: First, measure the horizontal distance from the Models base to the point where the Elevation change will occur. Then measure the vertical distance needed to reach the desired Elevation. Add the two together with any appropriate Modifiers. The Movement can be completed if the resulting distance is less than the Model's Movement.

If a Model has completed a Run or Engage Action to Climb, it must immediately take a Con test with a +4 Modifier.

If the test is passed, there is no further effect, but if the test is failed, the Model fails, following the rules for Falling from height and is immediately Deactivated. Place the Model at the bottom of the vertical Elevation. Free Jump is not in effect in this situation.

Designer Note: If a Model attempting to Engage an enemy Model by Climbing fails the Con test then it will become disengaged and therefore the enemy Model will be allowed to make a Free Slash.

For Example: The horizontal distance required for the Armoured Chasseur to reach the cliff face is 2”. The vertical distance of the cliff is 4”. The Player decides that the Armoured Chasseur will travel an additional 2” on the new Elevation, therefore a Run Action is required. This means the Armoured Chasseur must pass a Con test with a +4 Modifier. If the Con test is failed, the model will suffer the effect of Falling from height.
**Turns and Phases**

The Game starts with the first Game Turn. Due to the nature of Warzone Resurrection, all Players play in each Game Turn, therefore, each Game Turn is split into a number of Phases. The first Phase is the ‘Control Phase’ which is superseded by a number of ‘Activation Phases’. The number of Activation Phases is dependent on the total number of Squads in play.

**Initial Initiative**

Each player rolls a D20 for Initial Initiative. The highest roll wins. The winner may choose to give Initiative to the opponent (or the player of their choice, if there are more than two players). The player that has the Initiative sets up first following the mission rules. The player who sets up first must keep the Initiative in the first Game Turn. The ‘Battle Section’ of the first Game Turn begins when the player with the Initiative Activates their first Squad.

**Control Phase**

From the Second Game Turn and onwards the first Phase of the Game Turn is the Control Phase. This Phase is used to reset or discard Cards and tokens (as appropriate) from the previous Game Turn and determine which Player will have Turn Initiative for this Game Turn. Turn Initiative is determined by the Players each rolling a D20. The Initiative winner is the Player with the highest D20 roll. In the case of a draw the Players reroll until one Player gets a higher number. The winner chooses to keep or give away the Initiative (in the same manner as the Initial Initiative). In the Control Phase all ‘Turned to Burn’ Resource Cards are reset to face the owning Player and can then be ‘Turned to Burn’ in the Game Turn.

**Activation Phase**

The Player with the Initiative for this turn has the first Activation Phase. The Player with the Initiative must perform the following steps:

1. **Select a Squad to be Activated**
2. **Check if the Squad is PINNED or BROKEN.** IF THE ACTIVATED SQUAD IS PINNED OR BROKEN THEN IT MUST PASS A MORALE TEST TO BECOME UNPINNED OR UNBROKEN (AS DESCRIBED IN THE MORALE TEST SECTION) BEFORE MAKING ANY OTHER ACTIONS.
3. **Check for Squad Coherence.** If any Model(s) from an Activated Squad are OUT OF SQUAD COHERENCE THEY MUST BE THE FIRST MODELS IN THE SQUAD TO BE ACTIVATED AND MUST COMPLETE A RUN ACTION TO RETURN TO SQUAD COHERENCE AS DESCRIBED IN THE SQUAD COHERENCE SECTION.
4. **Activate a Model from the Activated Squad.** Activate the last Model can be any Model, unless otherwise specified from the Activated Squad.

All Models (unless otherwise specified) in Warzone Resurrection have 2 Action Points. By spending your Models Action Points the Model can perform Basic or Advanced Actions. Each Action can be used only once per Model’s Activation.

All Models in an Activated Squad must be Activated one-by-one. Each Model must use at least 1 Action Point per Activation. Once all Models in a Squad have been Activated and have completed at least 1 Action, play moves to the next Player, who then Activates their chosen Squad in the same way. Players continue this process until all of their Squads have been Activated once per Game Turn. If one Player has more Squads in play than their opponent, they must Activate the extra Squads in any order at the end of the Game Turn. The last Squad Activated in the previous Game Turn for each Player may not be Activated first in the new Game Turn. Ignore this rule if the Player has only one Squad left. Once there are no more Squads left to be Activated on either side, the Game Turn ends. Start a new Game Turn with the Control Phase.

For Example: Thomas and Jean are in Game Turn 3 and Jean has 1 Squad remaining in play whilst Thomas has 3. Thomas wins the Initiative, so Activates first, they take it in turns then, when Jean has used his Squad Thomas Activates his 2nd and 3rd Squads in turn, completing at least 1 Action with each Model. Thomas choose to Activate Alakhai the Cunning last in Turn 3, so cannot use him first in Turn 4. Jean only has a Squad of Free Marines left on the battlefield so can Activate them first.
Wherever there’s a battle, firearms are never far away. Shooting is a valuable Action to take in Warzone Resurrection, for quite often one’s life depends upon it.

**RANGE ATTACK AND TERRAIN**

A Model’s ability to shoot is defined by the Model’s Range Skill (RS). Terrain, intervening Models and Line of Sight (LOS) affect the ability of the shooting Model to hit the target Model.

If the target Model is partially Covered (minimum 25% Coverage) by Terrain or the Facing Area of an Intervening Model, the firing Model’s RS receives a Cover Modifier as appropriate:

- **Light Cover (Light Terrain):** -2 Modifier to RS. Examples of this type of Cover include barbed wire, low-lying scrub and bushes.
- **Heavy Cover (Heavy Terrain, intervening Models, Impassable Terrain):** -4 Modifier to RS. Examples of this type of Cover include walls, trees, ruins and intervening Squad members.

Cover Modifiers are cumulative. As such, if a target Model is behind Heavy Cover and there are intervening Models in the way, it will be very difficult to hit.

**Designer note:** Imagine shooting through people whilst at a busy market, at a target 40 feet away and behind a brick wall.

**USING AND CLAIMING COVER**

To take advantage of Cover, the Model must be at least 25% Covered by it.

A Model cannot make a Shooting Action at a target which is behind more than 3 pieces of Cover (including intervening Models), unless a ‘Lucky Shot’ attempt is declared. On a D20 roll of natural 1 a Lucky Shot attempt is regarded as a successful RS test.

Intervening Models (except Vehicles) cannot completely block LOS to the target, as both are constantly moving.
Multiple Cover and Cover Density

If there is more than one type of Cover within 1” of each other, only the highest Cover Modifier Value is taken into consideration.

For Example: Valerie Duval is being targeted with a Shooting Action made by the Immortal. Valerie has Claimed Light Terrain Cover (-2 Modifier to the Immortal’s RS) behind a low-lying bush and has also Claimed Heavy Terrain behind a ruined brick wall (-4 Modifier to the Immortal’s RS). Both of which are within 1”. The Immortal suffers a –4 Modifier to its RS.

For Example: 2 Hussars have Claimed Light Cover, they are in B2B contact, one behind the other. A Razide decides to make a Shooting Action at the further one, but only receives a –4 Modifier to RS (the Light Cover is negated) as his target has Claimed two types of Cover.

Making a Ranged Attack

Making a Ranged Attack at Engaged Models

A Model may target an Engaged Model. If it does, it receives a –8 Modifier to its RS. Any failed RS test automatically inflicts a Wound Effect or SP Damage on the nearest friendly Model in LOS that is involved in the targeted Close Combat. The friendly Model may take Armour and ‘Heal’ tests as normal, using all of the usual Modifiers. If the friendly Model is removed from play as a casualty, its Squad must immediately take a Break test. Only basic Shooting Actions can be made against Engaged Models (i.e. no ‘Squad Special Actions’).

Making a Ranged Attack at Friendly Models

The Player can choose to target a friendly Model in LOS. If a Wound Effect or SP Damage is applied (after normal Armour tests), the Squad it belongs to takes an immediate Break test. Squad Special Actions and Advanced Actions cannot be targeted against friendly Models.

Making a Ranged Attack at Various Elevations

When a Model is making a Ranged Attack and its target is at a different Elevation, measure the shortest distance between them from the shooting Model’s Base edge, to the targeted Model’s Base or any part of the targeted Model’s Body if the base is not within LOS, measuring in a straight line.
There are times when, due to Cover or lack of light, you can’t quite get a solid bead on your target. For times like these, nothing beats having a weapon where “Close enough” works just as well as “bang on target”.

There are some weapons in Warzone Resurrection which use a Template.

**Template Weapons cannot be used in any form of Special Action.**

This is described in a Ranged weapon’s Range Value as follows:

- **SE** – Small Explosion – 3” diameter Template.
- **LE** – Large Explosion – 5” diameter Template.
- **ST** – Shotgun Template – 7” Trapezoid Template.
- **SFT** – Small Flamer Template – 3.5” Teardrop Template.
- **FT** – Flamer Template – 7” Teardrop Template.

Some of the weapons have a dual Value in their Range Value.

For Example: Grenade Launcher

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Range Value</th>
<th>0</th>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18/20</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blast (4)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

First Value under the Range Stat Value is the effective distance of the weapon (18”). The second Value (SE – Small Explosion) is the template which is centred up to the first Value of 18”.

### MAKING A RANGED ATTACK WITH SE AND LE TEMPLATE WEAPONS

1. The Player must select a Primary Target within range, LOS and Front Facing of the Model completing a Ranged Attack. Following the ‘Target Priority’ rule.
2. If the Model has a weapon with a RoF higher than 1, nominate a Primary Target following the ‘Target Priority’ rule and Secondary Targets which must be within 8” of the Primary Target and within range, LOS and Front Facing of the Model completing a Ranged Attack. Allocate a number of D20 equal to the RoF Value of the weapon to the targets. At least the first D20 must be allocated to the Primary Target. A maximum of D20 can be allocated per Secondary Target. Cover Modifiers are calculated before any RS test is made and all shots are considered to be fired at the same time; therefore removal of one target will not affect the Cover Modifiers of another target.
3. The Player then applies Modifiers to their Model’s RS Value and rolls the D20 to pass a RS test for each allocated D20.
4. If the Player’s Model passes the RS test, centre the relevant Template on the targeted Model. Any Model’s Base or Footprint which is within the relevant Template receives a Wound Effect. Models can be within more than one Template and receive Wound Effects equal to the number of Templates they have been within during the same Shooting Action.
5. The St of the Wound Effect is equal to the weapon’s St and any other Modifiers.
6. The target Model must successfully pass an Armour test for each Wound Effect received with the St Modifiers, weapon Type Modifiers and any other Modifiers in order to ignore the Wound Effect(s).
7. If the Armour test is unsuccessful the targeted Model loses a Wound.
8. If the Model’s Wounds are reduced to 0 or less, the target Model is removed from play.
9. If it’s a RS test is unsuccessful when making a Ranged Attack with SE or LE templates, the Template will scatter. Follow the rules for ‘Scattering of an Explosion Template’.

### SCATTERING OF AN EXPLOSION TEMPLATE

If a RS test with an Explosion Template weapon is failed centre the Template over the nominated target with the number 1 on the Template pointing Towards the Model which made the Ranged Attack.

Roll a D20 and half the result. Refer to the Template to see which direction the template will scatter. Next, roll a D20 and half the result. Move the Template a number of inches equal to the second result. Any Model’s Base or Footprint which is within the relevant Template receives a Wound Effect or SP Damage. Models can be within more than one Template and receive Wound Effects or SP Damage equal to the number of Templates they have been within during the same Shooting Action.

### MAKING A RANGED ATTACK WITH FLAMER TEMPLATE WEAPONS

To use a Flamer Template weapon, place the smallest end of the Flamer Template in Base contact with the Model making a Ranged Attack in any direction, ensuring that no part of the Flamer Template crosses the Front Facing of the Model using it.

### SCATTERING OF A FLAMER TEMPLATE WEAPON

A Flamer’s RoF represents the number of times each Model’s Base or Footprint within the Flamer Template receives a Wound Effect or SP Damage.

If the RoF is 1 any Model’s Base or Footprint within the Flamer Template receive 1 Wound Effect or SP Damage. If RoF is 2, the Models receive 2 Wound Effects or SP Damage.

### COVER AND FLAMER TEMPLATE WEAPONS

Flamers are particularly effective at clearing enemies from Cover, as the heat is intensified in confined spaces and often the Cover itself catches fire.

If a Model receives a Wound Effect from a Flamer Template weapon and is within Terrain that would give them Cover Modifier from a non-template weapon, their Armour Value is halved for this Ranged Attack.

For Example: An Etoiles Mortant fires her Gehenna Puker at a Praetorian Stalker which is Claiming Cover in a Ruined Structure. If she was firing her Punisher Handgun at the Praetorian Stalker she would have received a RS Modifier of -4 because the Praetorian Stalker is Claiming Heavy Cover, but instead the Praetorian Stalker’s Armour Values is halved from 16 to 8.
**Garrisons and Flamer Template Weapons**

Flamers can be used against Garrisons in Intact Structures. Place the Flamer Template as described in ‘Making a Ranged Attack with Flamer Template weapons’. If any part of the Template reaches any Access Point of the Structure, roll a D20 for each Garrisoned Model in the Intact Structure, regardless of their location within the Structure, on roll of 1-10 the Model receive a Wound Effect and its Armour Value is halved for this Ranged Attack.

Flamers can be used to make a Ranged Attack from an Intact Structure by a Garrisoned Model. Place the Flamer Template in contact with an Access Point that the Model making a Ranged Attack is within B2B contact of.

**Special Action for Weapons which use Flamer Templates**

**Active: Wall of Fire:** During the Activation of a Model with a Flamer Template weapon, the Player can ‘Turn to Burn’ 2 Resource Cards to make a ‘Wall of Fire’ Ranged Attack. The Player places 2 30mm tokens onto the battlefield, within 8” of the Model with a Flamer Template weapon. This Special Action counts as a ‘Shooting’ Action.

The distance between the 2 tokens must not exceed 8”. Any Models which travel through the space between the two tokens or the tokens themselves, take an Autohit from the ‘Wall of Fire’ at the unmodified Weapon St of the Flamer Template weapon immediately.

Ignore the ‘Cover and Flamer Template Weapons’ rules for any Terrain touched by this Ranged Attack.

**Shotgun Template Weapons**

Shotguns can be used as a Close Combat weapon, regardless of their Weapon Type, following the rules of a Pistol (P) in Close Combat Attacks. For Example: Mandible Autoshotgun with Solid Bullets

**Making a Ranged Attack with Shotgun Template Weapons**

Place the narrow end of the Shotgun Template in Base contact with the Model making a Ranged Attack in any direction as long as no part of Template crosses the Front Facing of the Model making a Ranged Attack.

Make a RS test as normal with 1D20 for each Model within the Template. Shotguns ignore Cover Modifiers.

Shotgun Template weapons are unaffected by any kind of Range Modifiers.

**Garrisons and Shotgun Template Weapons**

Shotguns can be used against Garrisons in Intact Structures. Place the Shotgun Template as described in ‘Making a Ranged Attack with Shotgun Template weapons’.

If any part of the Template reaches any Access Point of the Structure, roll a RS test for each Garrisoned Model within 1” of the Access Point.
In Warzone Resurrection, there is every opportunity for a character to engage in mortal combat; often with equally devastating effects for their victim as shooting them from afar. In fact, many Squads and characters specialise in Close Combat.

**CLOSE COMBAT WEAPON RANGE**

Close Combat Weapon Range is a distance measured in inches within which a Model can make a Close Combat Attack. Close Combat Weapon Range is equal to Weapon's Range. If not otherwise stated by the Model’s weapon(s), CCWR is dependant of size of the Model’s Base:

- Small Bases – CCWR is Base to Base (B2B)
- Medium Bases – CCWR is 1”
- Heroes on Medium Bases – CCWR is 1.5”
- Large Bases or larger – CCWR is 2”

The CCWR may be affected by any Gear Cards or Upgrades applied to the Model.

For Example: A Small Based Model equipped with Two Handed Sword has a 1.0” CCWR due to its weapon.

If a Model passes through the CCWR of an enemy Model as it travels to Engage, a Counter Charge can occur. A Counter Charge is completed on a successful LD test by the counter charger (if counter charging Model is in a 'Sentry Action' the LD test is passed automatically).

If a Counter Charge is successful the Engaging Model is stopped in the CCWR of the Counter Charging Model. Engaged Models cannot Counter Charge.

Models on a Small or a Medium Base cannot Counter Charge Models on Large Bases or Vehicles.

Activated Models that are already Engaged have only 1 Action Point to spend. This Action Point can only be spent on a Special or Basic Close Combat Action or a Move Action.

Models in at least one enemy Close Combat Weapon Range (CCWR) always count as Engaged.

If an Activated Model is Engaged due to an enemy Model’s CCWR, but the Activated Model is not in range of its own CCWR, then the Activated Model must perform a ‘Free Closing’ Action to bring itself into CCWR. The ‘Free Closing’ Action can only be made within the Facing which the Model is Engaged with.

A ‘Free Closing’ Action does not cost any Action Points. A Close Combat ‘Free Closing’ Action must be made against the closest Model. If more than one Model is within the same CCWR, the owning Player can select which Model to make the ‘Free Closing’ Action against.

**ENGAGING**

2. The Player must select a target within (CCWR and CCWR) distance to Engage, pre-measuring the distance. Remembering to incorporate any modifiers to Movement, a Model can only make an Engage Action if it is able to end its Engage Movement within its own or the target’s CCWR.
3. CCWR is only viable in the front facing, if the Model is able to engage (movement value + CCWR), move the Model in a straight line towards the target.

If a Model passes through the CCWR of an enemy Model as it travels to Engage, a Counter Charge can occur. A Counter Charge is completed on a successful LD test by the counter charger (if counter charging Model is in a ‘Sentry Action’ the LD test is passed automatically).

If a Counter Charge is successful the Engaging Model is stopped in the CCWR of the Counter Charging Model. Engaged Models cannot Counter Charge.

Models on a Small or a Medium Base cannot Counter Charge Models on Large Bases or Vehicles.

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Models in at least one enemy Close Combat Weapon Range (CCWR) always count as Engaged.

If an Activated Model is Engaged due to an enemy Model’s CCWR, but the Activated Model is not in range of its own CCWR, then the Activated Model must perform a ‘Free Closing’ Action to bring itself into CCWR. The ‘Free Closing’ Action can only be made within the Facing which the Model is Engaged with.

A ‘Free Closing’ Action does not cost any Action Points. A Close Combat ‘Free Closing’ Action must be made against the closest Model. If more than one Model is within the same CCWR, the owning Player can select which Model to make the ‘Free Closing’ Action against.

**ENGAGE ACTIONS MADE FROM HEIGHT**

Surprising an enemy from above, jumping on them from where they least expect it can be a sound and quick method to dispatch one’s foe. In Warzone Resurrection Models can declare an Engage Action from height, jumping on their poor victim from a high vantage point.

Models which Engage from height gain an additional Modifier to their St and AVV Values for their 1st Close Combat test in the same Game Turn, dependent on their Base size:

- Small Bases: +1 St and +0 AVV Modifier for each 1” of vertical distance (i.e. Engage from 2” = +2 St)
- Medium Bases: +2 St and +0 AVV Modifier for each 1” of vertical distance (i.e. Engage from 2” = +4 St)
- Large Bases: +3 St and +1 AVV Modifier for each 1” of vertical distance (i.e. Engage from 2” = +6 St and + 2 AVV)

The Model that is Engaging from height must complete an Engage Action following the rules for ‘Jumping from height’.

For Example: A Brotherhood Trooper Engages from height. The vertical height of the Terrain is 3”, therefore the Brotherhood Trooper gains an additional a +3 St Modifier. Once the Engage Action is completed, the Brotherhood Trooper takes a St 8 Piercing Autohit as per Falling from height. Then the Brotherhood Trooper can make a Close Combat Action.
**ENGAGING AND DIFFERENT ELEVATIONS**

To be Engaged both Models must be on the same Elevation and within the CCWR of either Model. If both Models cannot be placed on the same Elevation, the target Model cannot be Engaged.

**MAKING A CLOSE COMBAT ATTACK**

2. A Model can make a ‘Free Closing’ Action.
3. The Player must select a Primary Target to their model's Front facing within their CCWR.
4. The target Model receives a Wound Effect.
5. The 3D or the Wound Effect is equal to the attacking Model's Strength Value, plus its Close Combat Weapon's RoA and any other Modifiers. The target Model must make a CC test, if successful the target Model is removed from play.
6. If the Armour test is unsuccessful, the removed Model issues a Wound and must immediately take a Pinning test. A Model removed from play as a casualty can be used to place it as any other Model or in Impassable Terrain.
7. The weapon type Modifiers and any other Modifiers in effect must immediately take a Pinning test.
8. Models with SP which 'Disengage' take an additional -1 Modifier to LD.
9. The player may then choose to target the Primary Target again to target a Secondary Target within its CCWR. Secondary Targets cannot be targeted more than once per Model Activation.
10. If any Model removed as a casualty, the enemy Squad that the removed Model was a member of must immediately take a Pinning test with a –4 Modifier to LD.

**DISENGAGING FROM CLOSE COMBAT**

Disengage – Models which move out of their own or their opponent’s CCWR for any reason are classified as Disengaged.

- Passive: Grab – If a Model makes a Charge into Rear Facing of an enemy Model, a Back Stab Action can be initiated. The Model must make a CC test, if successful the enemy Model receives a Wound Effect. The Wound Value of the enemy Model is halved. This Action can only be used against Models on Small or Medium Bases.
- Passive: Seize – If a Model makes a Charge into Rear Facing of an enemy Model, a Back Stab Action can be initiated. The Model must make a CC test, if successful the enemy Model receives a Wound Effect. The Wound Value of the enemy Model is halved. This Action can only be used against Models on Small or Medium Bases.

**FREE SLASH AGAINST VEHICLES**

Models with SP which ‘Disengage’ take a ‘Free Slash’ Autohit immediately from the enemy Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is equal to the highest AVV of any Close Combat Weapon equipped by the Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is made against a random location. Models equipped with ‘Anti-Vehicle Grenades’ can use them to make a ‘Free Slash’.

**ENGAGING INTO REAR FACING**

A Model can be Engaged in its Rear Facing. This only applies if the Engaging Model is completely within the Rear Facing of the Engaged Model. Models making a Close Combat Attack in the Rear Facing of a Model gain an additional +4 Modifier to their CC Value. This Modifier is not applicable if a Model is making a Close Combat Squad Special Action.

**SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT ACTIONS**

Any Model can use a Special Close Combat Action instead of the normal Close Combat Action. If a Special Close Combat Action is used, the Model’s weapon’s RoA is reduced to 1 and cannot be increased by any means.

- Passive: ‘Free Slash’ Action – Models which ‘Disengage’ take a ‘Free Slash’ Autohit immediately from the enemy Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is equal to the highest AVV of any Close Combat Weapon equipped by the Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is made against a random location. Models equipped with ‘Anti-Vehicle Grenades’ can use them to make a ‘Free Slash’.

**SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON SMALL BASSES**

Active: Back Stab – If a Model is Engaged in the Rear Facing of an enemy Model, a Back Stab Action can be initiated. The Model must make a CC test, if successful the enemy Model receives a Wound Effect and the Armour Value of the enemy Model is halved. This Action can only be used against Models on Small or Medium Bases.
- Passive: ‘Free Slash’ Action – Models which ‘Disengage’ take a ‘Free Slash’ Autohit immediately from the enemy Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is equal to the highest AVV of any Close Combat Weapon equipped by the Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is made against a random location. Models equipped with ‘Anti-Vehicle Grenades’ can use them to make a ‘Free Slash’.

**SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON MEDIUM BASSES**

Active: ‘Free Slash’ Action – Models which ‘Disengage’ take a ‘Free Slash’ Autohit immediately from the enemy Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is equal to the highest AVV of any Close Combat Weapon equipped by the Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is made against a random location. Models equipped with ‘Anti-Vehicle Grenades’ can use them to make a ‘Free Slash’.

**SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON LARGE BASSES**

Active: ‘Free Slash’ Action – Models which ‘Disengage’ take a ‘Free Slash’ Autohit immediately from the enemy Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is equal to the highest AVV of any Close Combat Weapon equipped by the Model(s). The ‘Free Slash’ is made against a random location. Models equipped with ‘Anti-Vehicle Grenades’ can use them to make a ‘Free Slash’.

**‘SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT’ ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON MEDIUM BASSES**

Active: Charge – Nominate a point on the battlefield that is within Movement Value x2 of the Model making a Charge. A Charge must be made in a straight line towards the nominated point. If this move brings it into B2B with any Model on a Small Base, the Model receives an Autohit at the charger’s unmodified St Value. Continue this process until the maximum Movement has been reached, a Model in the path of the charging Model is not removed, the charging Model is killed or a Model with a Medium or Large Base is met. As a Charge requires some momentum, this Close Combat Special Action cannot be made by a Model that is already Engaged.

Active: Brutal Attack – The Player must make a Close Combat Attack as normal, if this Close Combat Attack causes an enemy Model to be removed from play, the charging Model receives a Wound Effect at the unmodified St Value of the removed Model. The Active: Brutal Attack can be used by any Model on any battlefield that is within Movement Value x2 of the Model making a Brutal Attack. A Brutal Attack cannot be used against Models on Small or Medium Bases.

Active: Swing – Allocate a single D20 per Model in the ‘Swinging’ Model’s CCWR and within its Front Facing, then make a CC test against each allocated D20 successively. For each successful CC test the relevant Model receives an Autohit at the charger’s unmodified St Value or AVV of the Model completing the Swing.

Active: Throw – A Throw Action can be declared against Models on Small Bases. Select a Model within the CCWR of the Thrower. If a successful CC test is made, the target Model is placed by the Player controlling the Thrower up to 4” away from the Thrower. The thrown Model must be placed on the same Elevation or below the Thrower and in the Thrower’s Front Facing. The thrown Model can be thrown over other Models, but cannot be placed on top of any other Model or in Impassable Terrain.

**DIAGRAM:**

![Diagram](https://example.com/diagram.png)

*Designer Note: Only one Model in a Model’s Activation Phase can be selected as the Primary Target.*
the thrown Model takes an Autohit with the thrower’s St and a +4 Modifier. Models that become Disengaged by a Throw Close Combat Special Action are not affected by Free Slash. If a Model is thrown from height, add +1 St for each 1” the Model travels to a lower Elevation, measuring from the bottom of the thrower’s Base.

For Example: A Model is thrown 3.2” down, this will be rounded up to 4”. The thrown Model will suffer a St(x)+4+4 Wound Effect.

Active: Hold him down! – If a Model is in or Engaged in a multiple combat which includes at least one other friendly Model, a Hold him down! Special Action can be attempted. The Model attempting Hold him down! must be in B2B with the target and in the target’s Rear Facing. The Model must pass a CC test, if the test is successful then the targeted Model has been ‘Held Down’ (no Wound Effect is taken by the targeted Model). Any other unsuccessful CC tests against Held Down Models in the same Game Turn can be rerolled. This Action can only be used against Models on Small, Medium or Large Bases.

‘SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT’ ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON LARGE BASES

Active: Squash – A Squash Action can be declared against any Model on a Small or a Medium Base within the CCWR of the Model making a Squash Action. Make a CC test, if the test is successful, the target Model receives a Wound Effect equal to the St of the Model which performed a ‘Squash’ Action at Critical Force (5). If the targeted Model is removed from play as a casualty, the Squad of the squashed Model must take a Pinning test with +4 Modifier to LD immediately.

Active: Lob – A Lob Action can be declared against Models on Small or Medium Bases. Select a Model within the CCWR of the lobber’s Front Facing. The Model attempting to Lob a Model must be placed on the same Elevation or below the lobber and in the lobber’s Front Facing. The lobbed Model can be lobbed over other Models, but cannot be placed on top of any other Model or in Impassable Terrain. The lobbed Model takes an Autohit with the lobber’s St and a +4 Modifier. Models that become Disengaged by a Lob Close Combat Special Action are not affected by Free Slash. If a Model is thrown from height, add +1 St for each 1” the Model travels to a lower Elevation, measuring from the bottom of the lobber’s Base.

For Example: A Model is lobbed 3.2” down, this will be rounded up to 4”. The lobbed Model will suffer a St(x)+4+4 Wound Effect.

Active: Thunderous Charge – Nominate a point on the battlefield that is within Movement Value x2 of the Model making a Thunderous Charge. A Thunderous Charge must be made in a straight line Towards the nominated point. If this move brings it into B2B with any Model on a Small or Medium Base, the Model receives an Autohit at the charger’s unmodified St Value. Continue this process until the maximum Movement has been reached, a Model in the path of the charging Model is not removed, the charging Model is killed or a Model with a Large Base is met. As a Charge requires some momentum, this Close Combat Special Action cannot be made by a Model that is already Engaged.

Designer note: A model can only travel a distance in inches equal to its Movement Value x2 regardless of any other Actions used in the same Game Turn as a Thunderous Charge.

The lobbed Model can be lobbed over other Models, but cannot be placed on top of any other Model or in Impassable Terrain. The lobbed Model takes an Autohit with the lobber’s St and a +4 Modifier. Models that become Disengaged by a Lob Close Combat Special Action are not affected by Free Slash. If a Model is thrown from height, add +1 St for each 1” the Model travels to a lower Elevation, measuring from the bottom of the lobber’s Base.

For Example: A Model is lobbed 3.2” down, this will be rounded up to 4”. The lobbed Model will suffer a St(x)+4+4 Wound Effect.

Active: Hold him down! – If a Model is in or Engaged in a multiple combat which includes at least one other friendly Model, a Hold him down! Special Action can be attempted. The Model attempting Hold him down! must be in B2B with the target and in the target’s Rear Facing. The Model must pass a CC test, if the test is successful then the targeted Model has been ‘Held Down’ (no Wound Effect is taken by the targeted Model). Any other unsuccessful CC tests against Held Down Models in the same Game Turn can be rerolled. This Action can only be used against Models on Small, Medium or Large Bases.

‘SPECIAL CLOSE COMBAT’ ACTIONS FOR MODELS ON LARGE BASES

Active: Squash – A Squash Action can be declared against any Model on a Small or a Medium Base within the CCWR of the Model making a Squash Action. Make a CC test, if the test is successful, the target Model receives a Wound Effect equal to the St of the Model which performed a ‘Squash’ Action at Critical Force (5). If the targeted Model is removed from play as a casualty, the Squad of the squashed Model must take a Pinning test with +4 Modifier to LD immediately.

Active: Lob – A Lob Action can be declared against Models on Small or Medium Bases. Select a Model within the CCWR of the lobber’s Front Facing. The Model attempting to Lob a Model must be placed on the same Elevation or below the lobber and in the lobber’s Front Facing. The lobbed Model can be lobbed over other Models, but cannot be placed on top of any other Model or in Impassable Terrain. The lobbed Model takes an Autohit with the lobber’s St and a +4 Modifier. Models that become Disengaged by a Lob Close Combat Special Action are not affected by Free Slash. If a Model is thrown from height, add +1 St for each 1” the Model travels to a lower Elevation, measuring from the bottom of the lobber’s Base.

For Example: A Model is lobbed 3.2” down, this will be rounded up to 4”. The lobbed Model will suffer a St(x)+4+4 Wound Effect.

Active: Thunderous Charge – Nominate a point on the battlefield that is within Movement Value x2 of the Model making a Thunderous Charge. A Thunderous Charge must be made in a straight line Towards the nominated point. If this move brings it into B2B with any Model on a Small or Medium Base, the Model receives an Autohit at the charger’s unmodified St Value. Continue this process until the maximum Movement has been reached, a Model in the path of the charging Model is not removed, the charging Model is killed or a Model with a Large Base is met. As a Charge requires some momentum, this Close Combat Special Action cannot be made by a Model that is already Engaged.

Designer note: A model can only travel a distance in inches equal to its Movement Value x2 regardless of any other Actions used in the same Game Turn as a Thunderous Charge.

The most effectual weapon in the arsenal of many is their mind itself. In Warzone Resurrection there are three types of Psychic powers.

Shooting (S) – Shooting Psychic Power Actions count as Basic Shooting Actions, but instead of using RS, the Model’s WP Value is used. Cover Modifiers are applied as if RS was being used. If a Model receives a Wound Effect from a Shooting Psychic Power it must use its WP Value for its Armour test.

If a Vehicle receives SP Damage from a Shooting Psychic Power it must use its AV Value against the Shooting Psychic Power’s AVV. Designer Note: As the WP is used instead of Armour Value, Impenetrable Armour is ignored. However, as Shooting Psychic Power Actions count as Basic Shooting Actions, ‘Heal’ rolls can be made.

For Example: Blast of Demnogonis:

For Example: Frantic Insanity of Muawijhe

Passive: Frantic Insanity – Every model in the Squad gains Impenetrable Armour (15). Debuffs (D) – Debuff Psychic Power Actions can target any Model. A WP test must be passed. The effect of the Debuff Psychic Power, if not stated otherwise, dissipates at the end of the Game Turn. Debuff Psychic Power Actions can be completed by Engaged Models and can be targeted at Engaged Models. There are no modifiers for any Booster WP tests, but LOS is required. Debuff Psychic Power Actions, if not stated otherwise, cost a Model 1 Action Point.

Example: Decay of Demnogonis

BOOSTER (B) – Booster Psychic Power Actions can only be targeted on friendly Models. A WP test must be passed. The effect of the Booster Psychic Power, if not stated otherwise, dissipates at the end of the Game Turn. Booster Psychic Power Actions can be completed by Engaged Models and can be targeted at Engaged Models. There are no modifiers for any Booster WP tests, but LOS is required. Booster Psychic Power Actions, if not stated otherwise, cost a Model 1 Action Point.
ARMOURY SECTION

GENERAL RANGED WEAPONS

Pistols (P) – a pistol can be used as a Close Combat weapon. Models using a pistol to make a Close Combat Attack cannot Claim an Engage Bonus. Use the St, RoF (translate this to RoA for the purposes of Close Combat Attack), AVV and Type from the pistol's stat line. The Range of the pistol is reduced to the CCWR defined by the Models Base size. Passive or Active Special rules cannot be used if the pistol is being used as a Close Combat weapon.

Dual-stats – If a weapon has multiple Stat Values, always use the highest St and RoF Value. When being used for a Close Combat Attack, always use the pistol's unmodified Stat Values, regardless of any Modifiers applied.

For Example: Sherman Model 7 “Enforcer” Revolver

Passive: Head Shot: If a natural 1 is rolled when making a RS test with this weapon, the Wound Effect gains Critical Force (2).

Auto (A) – Auto Type weapons cannot be used as a Close Combat weapon.

For Example: Car-24 SMG with UBGL

Grenades (G) – Grenades follow the normal rules of a Ranged Attack, but instead of using a weapon’s Range Value, Grenades use the Model’s St Value to represent how far the Grenade can reach in inches. The player must nominate a point on battlefield within LOS and Range. To complete a Ranged Attack, the player must make a RS test using any Modifiers (Range, Cover, etc). Treat the nominated point as a target Model. If the point is behind Cover, it is always treated as Claiming Cover (unless the model making a Ranged Attack is also Claiming the Cover).

The RS test is passed, centre the relevant Template on the nominated point. Every Model within the Template receives a Wound Effect at the Grenade’s St or a SP Damage at the Grenade’s AVV.

If a natural 20 is rolled, the Grenade explodes in active Model’s hand, so the Template is centred on this Model. Templates do not scatter in this situation. Grenades ignore the Power Shot Rule.

If the RS test is failed, follow the rules for ‘Scattering of an Explosion Template’. Grenades scatter up to 5” (roll D20 and divide by 4). It is possible for a Grenade to scatter out of LOS.

Generic Types of Grenades
The RoF of thrown/B2B Grenades cannot be increased by any means.

Passive: Incendiary: Models Claiming Cover from the Model making a Ranged Attack have their Armour Value halved for Ranged Attacks made with Fire Grenades.

Rail (R) – Rail weapons follow the rules for making a Ranged Attack. If the RS test is successful, draw an imaginary line from the Model making the Ranged Attack towards the Primary Target (and any Secondary Targets if the RoF is higher than 1) to the maximum Weapon Range. This imaginary line is the Rail.

Passive: Sticky Grenade: Anti-Vehicle Grenades can only be used as a Close Combat weapon. A Model using an Anti-Vehicle grenade as a Close Combat weapon does not receive an Engage Bonus.

Passive: Stun: Every Model on a Small Base within the Template automatically receives a Stun Effect.

**SE (Small Explosion Template)**
Active: Grenade Launcher: ‘Turn to Burn’ 1 Resource Card, the nominated Model can use the Grenade Launcher. Up to 2 Models in the Squad can use the Grenade Launcher per Game Turn.

Special (S) – Special Type weapons cannot be used as a Close Combat weapon.

For Example: Chthonic Transfuser

Passive: Chthonic Ichor: Centre the Small Explosion template over the Model removed from the Game with this weapon. Enemy Models under the template take a St8 AVV0 Blast Autohit.

Passive: Sticky: Enemy Squads taking casualties from the Chthonic Transfuser (including explosion damage) must pass a Pinning test with a -3 Modifier to LD immediately.

Heavy (H) – Models equipped with Heavy Weapons never gain an Engage Bonus and the RoA is always equal to 1.

For Example: Charger HMG

**St/SE – 1 – Blast (G)**

**St/SE 12 1 0 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 13 1 1 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 15 1 6 Piercing (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 12 1 – Blast (G)**

**St/SE 13 1 0 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 15 1 6 Piercing (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 12 1 – Blast (G)**

**St/SE 13 1 0 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 15 1 6 Piercing (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 12 1 – Blast (G)**

**St/SE 13 1 0 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 15 1 6 Piercing (G)**

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**St/SE 12 1 – Blast (G)**

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**St/SE 13 1 0 Blast (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**

**St/SE 15 1 6 Piercing (G)**

**R ST RoF AVV TYPE**
Special Skills are either Generic or Squad Specific. Generic Skills are seen in many Squads across all the factions of Warzone Resurrection, whereas Squad Specific Skills are characteristic to the Squads that have them.

**GENERIC SPECIAL SKILLS**

**Advisor**— Certain characters are not leaders, but play a fundamental role in an army nonetheless. For the Points stated, an ‘Advisor’ may be taken in the appropriate OOC Slot or may join a Support or Troop type Squad before the Game begins, (in so doing, does not take a slot in the OOC). If an Advisor joins a Squad they cannot leave or lead it even as the Acting Squad Commander (unless the last Model in the Squad), or ‘Get the Gun’ and their Leadership is considered the same as the Squad they join. The Advisor keeps their own Weapons and Special Skills and does not gain those of the Squad. The Squad Commander’s Skills overpower the Advisor’s Skills if a Squad Test is needed, (e.g. If a Fearless Squad is joined by an Advisor without the Fearless Special Skill and is required to take a Pinning Test, they automatically pass and vice versa).

**Berserk**— When a Model with the Berserk Special Skill removes a Model from the Game as a casualty for the first time with a Close Combat Attack, it must immediately take a LD test. If the test is failed, the Model becomes a Berserker. A Berserker has the following Modifiers: +4 to CC, +2 to St, –2 to A and –2 to RS. A Berserker may only spend its Action Points on Run, Close Combat or making Engage Actions at the nearest enemy Model. A Model continues to be a Berserker until it loses a Wound.

**Brutal**— When a Model from a Squad is removed from the Game as a casualty by a Model with the Brutal Special Skill with a Close Combat Attack, the remaining Squad must immediately take a Pinning Test.

**Bulky**— Any Models targeting a Model with the Bulky Special Skill gain a +4 Modifier to RS and CC.

**Camouflage (X)**— When a Model with the Camouflage Special Skill Claims Cover and is targeted by a Ranged Attack, the Model making a Ranged Attack receives an additional RS Modifier of (X).

**Cartel Agent**— Models with the Cartel Agent Special Skill can be used by any Faction, except for Dark Legion.

**Contempt (X)**— Once per Model Activation, Models with this Special Skill may re-roll a single failed CC test when the Close Combat Attack is targeted at (-X).

For Example: Cardinal Dominic has the Contempt: Dark Legion’ Special Skill, Dominic may, once per Activation, re-roll a single failed CC test when the Close Combat Attack is targeted at any Squad from the Dark Legion faction.

**Crackshot**— When a Model with the Crackshot Special Skill makes an Aim Action, they gain an additional +2 Modifier to RS.

**Dispersible**— Models with this Special Skill can use their full LD Value for Squad Coherency.

**Dissention**— Any enemy Squad Commanders and Acting Squad Commanders within 12” of a Model with Dissention receive a –2 Modifier to their LD Value.

**Disposable**— A Squad with a Squad Commander or Acting Squad Commander with the Disposable Special Skill always pass Break tests.
Doomtrooper – Models with the Doomtrooper Special Skill may be paired. A Doomtrooper pair use 1 Lord and 1 Support Slot on the Offensive Organisation Chart. Only 1 Doomtrooper pair can be taken per army. A Doomtrooper pair can only be played within a Brotherhood force or their own faction (unless stated otherwise). If a Model is the Warlord it loses the Doomtrooper Special Skill.

Duelist – Once per Activation, Models with this Special Skill may re-roll a single failed CC test when the Close Combat Attack is targeted at Models with the same Base size or smaller.

Espionage – A Model with the Espionage Special Skill can use 1 Action Point per Game Turn to complete an Espionage Action. Select an opposing player who must announce which Squad they will Activate next. The Espionage Special Skill can be used no more than once per player, per Game Turn.

Execution – Warlord/Lord: At the cost of 1 Action Point, Wardorks and Lords with the Execution Special Skill may choose to immediately remove a friendly Model within 6” from the Game as a casualty. The Squad the Model was removed from, at the beginning of their Activation, automatically pass a Morale test for ‘Recover from Broken’ and ‘Recover from Pinning’. Models from the Squad do not lose Action Points for the recovery.

Squad Commander: At the beginning of the Squad’s Activation, a Squad Commander with the Execution Special Skill can remove a Model from its own Squad as a casualty to automatically pass a Morale test for ‘Recover from Broken’ and ‘Recover from Pinning’. Models from the Squad do not lose Action Points for the recovery.

Fear (X) – If a Model starts its Activation Engaged or Engages a Model with the Fear Special Skill, it must make an immediate LD test with a Modifier equal to (X). If the test is failed, the Model’s CC Value is halved. Models only make a Fear test once per Game Turn against the same or lower (X) Value. If the Model is Engaged or Engages a Model with a higher Fear (X) Value in the same Game Turn, they must make another LD test with the higher Fear (X) Modifier.

Fearless – Models with this Special Skill always pass Fear, Pinning and Break tests.

Ferocity – A Model with Ferocity gains a further +1ST Modifier to its Engage Bonus.

Fireproof – If a Model with the Fireproof Special Skill is targeted by a Flamer Template weapon, it gains a +4 Modifier to Armour Value and ignore the ‘Cover and Flamer Template weapons’ rule.

Flammable – A Model with the Flammable Special Skill has a +4 Modifier to its Armour Value against Flamer Template weapon Ranged Attacks.

Get the Gun – When a Model with a Heavy or a Special weapon is removed from play, a Squad member within 5” can attempt utilise the weapon. Roll a D20, on a roll of 1-10 the weapon is swap (swap another Model in the Squad within 3” with the removed Model equipped with a Special/Heavy weapon), on a result of 1-10 the weapon is damaged and unusable. A Squad Commander or Lord attached to a Squad cannot attempt this roll.

Gunslugger – A Model with this Special Skill can complete Shooting Actions in both its Front and Rear Facing.

Guarded – This Special Skill can only be used if a Model is in a Squad of more than 1 Model. If the Guarded Model receives a Wound Effect from a Ranged Attack, another Model without the Guarded Special Skill in the Squad within 2” of the Guarded Model may be nominated to receive the Wound Effect by the controlling player.

Heal (X) – This Special Skill allows a Model to ignore a Wound Effect if an Armour test is failed, or not allowed to be made. If the D20 roll needed to pass a Heal roll. Heal cannot be used if a Wound Effect is inflicted with a Power Shot. The maximum Heal Value that a Model can have is Heal (8) regardless of Modifiers. For Example: A Model with Heal (4) needs, after an unsuccessful Armour test, to pass a Heal test on 1-4 on a D20.

Infiltrate – Once both players have deployed their Squads, but before the first Game Turn starts, the Player may deploy their Infiltrating Squad. Infiltrators must be deployed within Light or Heavy Terrain. The Infiltrators cannot be deployed within 12” of any enemy Models. If there is more than one Squad to be deployed with the Infiltrate Special Skill, deploy the Squads in turn, starting with the player with the Initiative. If it is impossible to deploy a Squad with the Infiltrate Special Skill, they must be deployed in the controlling player’s Deployment Zone.

Inspiring Presence – Friendly Models within 8” of a Model with the ‘Inspiring Presence’ Special Skill receive a +1 Modifier to LD.

Leap (X) – A Model with the Leap Special Skill can be placed without any negative Movement Modifiers within (X) inches. This counts as a Move Action. The (X) Value is also the height of Terrain that the Model with ‘Leap’ can pass through.

Medic (X) – Any friendly Models within (X) inches of the Model with the Medic Special Skill can make ‘Heal’ rolls equal to (X).

Pathfinder – Models with the Pathfinder Special Skill travel through Light Terrain as if it was Open Terrain, but are still entitled to Claim the Cover as usual.

Predator Senses – A Model with the Predator Senses Special Skill does not need LOS to make an Engagement Action, nor does it need to engage in a straight line. If the Model with Predator Senses completes an Engagement Action without LOS and/or not in a straight line it loses the Engagement Bonus.

Psychic (X) – A Model with the Psychic (X) Special Skill can take up to X number of Psychic Powers listed under their Faction General Special Rules.

Ranger – Models with the Ranger Special Skill travel through Light Terrain and Heavy Terrain as if it was Open Terrain, but are still entitled to Claim the Cover as usual.

Rapid Deployment – Some Squads in Warzone Resurrection are capable of dropping into the battlefield using parachutes, or digging up from underground or shocking their opponents with a rapidly deployed assault.

Any Squad with the ‘Rapid Deployment’ Special Skill does not deploy as normal. During the course of any Game Turn, the player may choose to Activate a Squad with the Rapid Deployment Special Skill during their normal Squad Activation phase. To do this, the player must nominate a point on the battlefield as the ‘Deployment Point’. The Deployment Point must be placed in unoccupied Open Terrain. Roll a D20 using the Squad Commander’s halved LD, this is referred to as the Rapid Deployment test. If the Rapid Deployment test is passed, then the Squad successively lands on the Movement Point; place the Squad Commander on the Deployment Point, then deploy the rest of the relevant Squad within 3” of the Squad Commander. All deployed Models must be placed in unoccupied and non-impassable Terrain. If for some reason there is no room to place any Models in this manner, they are removed as casualties. The Deployment Point is equal to the Base of the relevant Squad Commander.

Rapid Deployment counts as a Basic Move Action of the Model’s full Movement Value. If an unmodified D20 roll of 20 is made for the ‘Rapid Deployment test’, then something goes very wrong; the Squad cannot be placed and is removed from the game as a casualty. If a D20 roll of 1 is made, then the Rapid Deployment does not cost an Action Point (although it still counts as Basic Move Action of the Model’s full Movement Value).

It the test is failed, the Deployment PointScatters, following the rules for ‘Scattering of an Exploision Template’. The scatter distance is D20/2. If the Deployment Point scatters onto impassable Terrain, it still counts as Basic Move Action of the Model’s full Movement Value.

Rapid Deployment consists of 3 stages:

1-5: Delayed: The Squad is not deployed this Game Turn and may be deployed in any other Game Turn.

6-10: Emergency Deployment: Reduce the scatter distance as much as necessary to place the Deployment Point in any other form of Terrain (Open, Light or Heavy), ensuring this is the nearest point to the impossible Deployment.
ment Point but still within the original orientation of the scatter. The Squad is then immediately Deactivated.

11-15: Critical Deployment: Reduce the scatter distance as much as necessary to place the Deployment Point in any other form of Terrain (Open, Light or Heavy), ensuring this is the nearest point to the impossible Deployment Point but still within the original orientation of the scatter. All Models in the Squad receive a Stun Effect and the Squad is immediately Deactivated.

16-20: Perilous Deployment: Reduce the scatter distance as much as necessary to place the Deployment Point in any other form of Terrain (Open, Light or Heavy), ensuring this is the nearest point to the impossible Deployment Point but still within the original orientation of the scatter. Every Model in the Squad takes an St10 Piercing Autohit. The Squad is immediately Deactivated.

If, in any case, the Deployment Point scatters onto Light or Heavy Terrain, place the Models as per the Rapid Deployment rules. Each Model in the Squad must take a Con test. Any Model which fails the test must immediately take a St10 Piercing Autohit.

Designer Note: If the result on the Rapid Deployment table is ‘16-20’, the Models which failed a Con Test suffer 2 St 10 Piercing Autohits.

Relentless – Models with the Relentless Special Skill can never receive a ‘Stun Effect’.

Shielded – All Lords and Warlords have the ‘Shielded’ Special Skill. If the Shielded Model receives a Wound Effect from a Ranged Attack, another Model without the Shielded or Guarded Special Skill within 2” of the Shielded Model may be nominated to receive the Wound Effect by the controlling player.

Slippery – Close Combat Attacks targeted at Models with the Slippery Special Skill suffer a -2 Modifier to their CC Value.

Sniper – Models with the Sniper Special Skill can ignore the closest single piece of Cover when making a Ranged Attack. The ignored piece of Cover does not count towards the maximum number of pieces of Cover a model can make a Ranged Attack through.

Stalk – If a Model attempts to make a Ranged Attack targeted at a Model with Stalk from further than 12” away, the Model making the Ranged Attack must pass an unmodified RS test. If the test is passed, the Model can then attempt to make a Ranged Attack. If the test is failed, the Model can nominate another target.

Stay Frosty – An Acting Squad Commander with the Stay Frosty Special Skill does not receive the LD Modifier for losing the Squad Commander.

Target Identifier – Models with the Target Identifier Special Skill always pass a ‘Target Identified’ roll.

Target Sense – Models with the Target Sense Special Rule ignore the Target Priority Rule.

Unique – Each Squad listed as Unique is 0-1 per Force. A Player can only have up to one copy of the uniquely named Squad regardless of OOC position. Therefore, for example, Lord type Mitch Hunter can not be played more than once in a Force, nor can he be played in an Army Led by Warlord type Mitch Hunter.

Models garrisoning or attacking an Intact Structure can shoot through any Access Point as long as they can draw LOS to the target Model.

RUINED STRUCTURES

Such as City Ruins, open entrenchments or buildings with no roof.

Every Structure without a roof is classified as a Ruined Structure. Each piece of Ruined Structure Terrain counts as Heavy Terrain.

INTACT STRUCTURES

Such as Bunkers or Buildings with an Intact roof.

Intact Structures can be garrisoned as long as the Models can be physically placed inside the building via an Access Point.

The Access Point is an entrance to the Intact Structure such as doors, windows or cracks in the building structure through which a Model’s Base and Body will fit. Structures which do not have any Access Points for Models to be physically placed cannot be garrisoned. In such cases consider the Terrain piece as Impassable Terrain, depending on its nature.

Players should agree before the Game starts which sized Models can enter a particular Access Point (i.e. only human sized Small Bases, up to Nepharite sized Medium Bases, etc.).

Models can ignore the closest single piece of Cover when making a Ranged Attack through any Access Point.

TARGETING TERRAIN AND STRUCTURES

Every Terrain piece in Warzone Resurrection can be destroyed.

Players can decide to make a Shooting or Close Combat Attack at Terrain and Intact Structures.

Models making a Ranged Attack at Terrain and Intact Structures always hit the weak point of the Intact Structure on roll of 1-16 regardless of any Modifiers or their RS skill.

All Close Combat Attack CC tests against Terrain and Intact Structures are passed automatically.

No Model can stay Engaged with a piece of any Terrain or Intact Structure once Deactivated.

Terrain and Intact Structures do not have a CCWR.

Dust was thrown up into the desert wind as the Cybertronic Scorpion appeared from the crimson dunes of Mars. Its tail became rigid and began to quiver as the R.B12-19y crackled with green energy. A burst, blinding in light and scorching in heat, exploded from theappendage, coursing its way through the Martian air, exploding in a mushroom of silence that was immediately followed by an ominous-shuddering rumble. The Street of burning embers was dominating and the Brotherhood Troopers, that had woken the Scorpion from its sleep, were nothing more than blackened slag.
Making a Ranged Attack at Terrain and Structures

1. The player must select a Terrain piece or an Intact Structure within range, LOS, and Line of Fire of the Model completing the Ranged Attack. A Model targeting a Terrain piece or an Intact Structure ignores the Target Priority rule.
2. If the Model has a weapon with a AV higher than 1, all Dice must be allocated to the same Terrain piece or Intact Structure.
3. If the BS test is successful on a roll of 1-6 regardless of any Modifiers and the Model's BS.
4. The AV of the weapon is equal to the weapon's AV and any other Modifiers.
5. The opposing player must successfully pass an AV Test to ignore the SP Damage.
6. If the AV test is unsuccessful, the target loses a SP.
7. Consult the ‘Structure Points and Armour Values of Terrain pieces and Intact Structures’ section.

Targeting Terrain Pieces with Template Weapons

If a player decides to target a Terrain piece with a Template weapon, only the targeted Terrain piece can receive Structure Point Damage (SP), even if the Template scatters. Any other Model or Terrain piece which is within a Template that has been targeted at a Terrain piece is unaffected by this Ranged Attack.

Structure Points and Armour Values of Terrain Pieces and Intact Structures

Each Intact Structure in the Game has a SP (Structure Points) and AV (Armoured Value):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>STRUCTURE TYPE</th>
<th>SP</th>
<th>AV</th>
<th>MODIFIER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Concrete bunker</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>8</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brick building</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>+2 for each story above ground floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wooden building</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>+2 for each story above ground floor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brick wall (up to 7&quot;)</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>+2 for each extra 1&quot; of wall length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wooden crates</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trees</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If not specified, players must agree before the Game starts what AV and SP the Structures will have.

Destroyed Terrain pieces are replaced with a Light Terrain piece of the same Footprint. If an Intact Structure has been destroyed, refer to the ‘Collapsing Intact Structures’ section.

Design note: Destroyed trees, which provide Heavy Cover, can be reduced to Light Cover by destroying them.

Template Weapons with an AVV (Anti-Vehicle Value) equal to or less than 2 have no effect on Structures (the explosive force is absorbed by the Structure).

Collapsing Intact Structures

An Intact Structure collapses when its SP is reduced to 0 or less. Replace the collapsed Intact Structure with a Ruined Structure of the same footprint. All Models within the footprint of the collapsed Structure take an Autohit at a St equal to the collapsed Structure's AV divided by two. ‘Heal’ tests cannot be used for Wound Effects caused by a collapsing Structure.

Place any surviving Models that were within the footprint of the collapsed Structure within footprint of the Ruin. All Models placed within the Ruin count as Pinned.
CARDBACK FOR ADVANCED PLAY

If the Game is being played with Advanced Rules, each Player draws 5 cards from their deck. Each player may discard their entire initial hand to the ‘discard pile’, before the First Game Turn starts and replace it with a fresh hand from the top of their deck. They must keep their second hand. Player’s hands are kept secret.

CARD DECK

Each player creates a deck with a minimum of 35 cards including Strategy, Tactical and Gear cards (but not Resource Cards). All decks must be shuffled by the controlling player and then cut before start of the Game by a randomly determined opponent. A maximum of 5 cards may be in a players hand at any time (although some Special Skills or Cards may change this). Each player may draw up to 1 card every Game Turn in the Control Phase, starting with the player with the Initiative, and must add this card to their hand. If a player has more than 5 cards in their hand at any time they must immediately discard cards until they have 5 cards or less. Cards that are discarded for any reason are placed in the Discard Pile. Continuation of play is unaffected if any Player depletes their Card deck and/or hand.

‘TURN TO BURN’

This symbol can be found on all Strategy, Tactical and Gear Cards. The frequency of the symbol on the Card represents the number of Resource Cards a player needs to Turn to Burn to use the card. So, if the symbol is on the Card 3 times the player will need to Turn to Burn 3 Resource Cards. Two symbols, two Resource cards etc.

TYPES OF CARDS

Squad Reference Card – On these cards the Stat lines and Squad Special Skills can be found.

Resource Cards – The Resource Cards represent your resources. Strategy, Tactical and Gear cards, as well as Active Special Skills, generally need Resource Cards to be utilised. To use a Resource Card the player must ‘Turn to Burn’ the Resource Card (an Action which is represented by turning the Resource Card upside down). Unless otherwise specified, each Resource Card represents 1 Resource.

Tactical Cards – These cards affect Squads or single Models. They can only be issued between individual Model Activations. Only 1 Tactical Card can be allocated to a Squad in a Game Turn. A player may choose to discard a Tactical Card from play at any point in a Game Turn. The Tactical Cards can be played on any Squad (friendly or foe).

Gear Cards – These cards are not normally removable (unless specified otherwise) and can affect a Squad, battlefield feature, individual Model and/or Resource Card. Each player may have up to three Gear Cards in play. The Active Gear Cards should be placed next to the relevant Squad Reference Card. The Card owning player may choose to discard a Gear Card from play at any point in a Game Turn. The Gear Cards can be played on any Squad (friendly or foe).

CONTROL PHASE

In the Control Phase Players must draw one Card from their deck, starting with the player with the Initiative. They may ‘Turn to Burn’ one Resource Card in play to pick up one extra card from their deck. This process can be repeated until they have up to five Cards in their hand. No player may have more than five cards in their hand at any point during the Game; if they do they must instantly discard down to five cards (In this case the player does not have to ‘Turn to Burn’ to discard). The Cards to be discarded are selected by the owning player; they cannot be used and must be immediately placed into the discard pile.

BONDED CARDS

A Card with ‘Bonded: (X)’ rule may only be included in the Player’s deck if (X) is included in the Army. The Card may still be played during the game, even if (X) is removed from the game.

UTILISATION OF CARDS

- Only 1 Strategy Card can be in play during the course of a Game Turn (regardless of how many players there are).
- Only 1 Tactical Card can be allocated to a Squad in a Game Turn.
- Only 3 Gear Cards can be in play per player.

STRATEGY CARDS

- These cards mainly affect the battlefield. They can only be played between Squad Activation Phases of any player.
- The player which will Activate the next Squad may choose to play a Strategy Card before the enemy player. Only 1 Strategy card can be in play at any time. Unless otherwise specified, Strategy Cards are removed from play in the Control Phase and added to the owning Player’s Discard Pile.
Deck Construction

A deck must consist of at least 35 cards and must follow the following construction rules:

- There can be no more than 3 of the same Strategy Cards in the deck
- There can be no more than 5 of the same Tactical Cards in the deck.
- There can be no more than 3 of the same Gear Cards in the deck.

‘Turn to Burn’

In an Advanced Game Resource cards can be ‘Turned to Burn’ in any of the following ways:

A. To give the selected Model (but not to a Vehicle) a third Action Point; can only be used once per Model per turn.
B. To add ‘Read (3)’ to the selected Model; can only be used once per Wound Effect.
C. To Achieve a Squad Special Skill if applicable or required.
D. To Modify the Roll or Reroll Value of a single weapon by +1 ‘Turn to Burn’ and declare before making a Shorling or Close Combat Action. This cannot be used to increase the Roll or Reroll during Special Actions. Only 1 Resource Card per Model per Shorling Turn can be used in this way.
E. To draw an extra card from the deck. This can only be completed between Team Activation Phases of either player and only if the player has less than 5 cards in hand.
F. To discard one card from the players hand. This can only be completed between Squad Activation Phases of either player.

We’d been briefed about the Undead Legionnaires, but nothing can prepare you for facing an enemy consisting of your own comrades dug up from their consecrated graves and made to fight you. The briefings instilled the tactics in us, impressing on all field officers the need to deploy in depth and make use of interlocking fields of heavy weapon fire, laying mine fields and the likes. The idea is that they are generally found in large numbers and aren’t the brightest of sparks, meaning you should be able to draw them onto your guns and whittle them down by sheer weight of fire, making use of standard fire and manoeuvre doctrine as you fall back until they’re ripe for a spirited bayonet charge.

Well, as I said, that’s what the field manuals say about fighting Undead Legionnaires. Here’s what happened the first time we actually faced them in combat.

My battalion, the 4/33rd (Princess Charlotte’s) was tasked with clearing the basin surrounding a refinery captured from Mishima three days earlier in Warzone Delta 12. We’d encountered the usual Mishima stubbornness, with several companies of the defence force refusing to surrender and fleeing into the thick swamps at the heart of the basin. We were approaching our phase line having defeated a platoon strength force of enemy infantry, at a loss of four of our own dead and seven wounded. At that point on our way to the refinery, my company signaller received a garbled transmission from the battalion HQ, attempting to warn of us of something, but exactly what we couldn’t make out.

Then the field radio cut out entirely, all channels filled with a distorted drone before falling silent. The hairs on the back of my neck stood on end and the air temperature dropped, the swamp waters lapping around my ankles growing suddenly clammy. I had an inkling of what was coming, and turned to my platoon sergeant to get the lads deployed.

But Sergeant Chalcraft was staring at something across the swamp, the colour drained from his normally ruddy features. I followed his gaze, catching sight of movement amongst the mangrove roots. Before that movement could resolve itself I barked an order to get the HMGs up front, while the rest went firm.

Then a figure stumbled out from the shadows, splashing its way towards us. Sergeant Chalcraft called the shot, but before anyone had the chance to fire I countermanded it. I recognised the figure, you see? It was a Corporal Sorensen, from 5th Battalion, a man assumed to have been lost during the ill-fated assault on Hill 77.

Then I realised it couldn’t possibly be that man. He, and in fact most of his company, were dead and buried having been lost trying to take the 77th Crest.

I raised my aggressor, the words of a sermon I’d heard once as a child coming unbidden to my lips. I fired, and the target went down, fetid black blood staining the swamps all about.

Getting a grip, we returned fire, cutting down the entire first line of oncoming Legionnaires. Even as we fired we tried to block out the sight before us. Most of these figures have unit badges that marked them out as our brothers, but we had no choice but to cut them down.

It was to no avail. The platoon was too few and the sight of our own brought back to such hideous neatness was clearly unnerving even the more seasoned of my men. Seeing that dozens more of the enemy were inbound, I ordered a fighting withdrawal, drawing on the briefings I mentioned to account for as many of the Legionnaires as possible.

Well, it took us seven hours to extricate ourselves from the basin, much of which was spent in direct contact with Dark Legion forces. When we finally got back to the refinery we learned that the entire region was overrun by a Dark Legion force judged to be fielding several thousand Undead Legionnaires, most of them disinterred from the Hill 77 graves. The battalion had been ordered to withdraw and an airstrike was being planned against the refinery in the hope that in destroying it the swamps and everything in them would burn.

The last thing I saw that day was the refinery going up in a stunning explosion, and I said a prayer for my fallen comrades - that their second deaths would see them find peace for all time at last.
**Vehicle Rules**

**General Vehicle Rules**

Vehicles in Warzone Resurrection, unless stated otherwise, have the following special rules:

1. All vehicles, except bikes and jet bikes, have the 'Ride' Special Skill.
2. All vehicles, except bikes and jet bikes, have the 'Fearless' Special Skill.
3. Engaged Tanks and Hoverers do not have their Action Points reduced due to being engaged.
4. Engaged Tanks and Hoverers can only complete Move Actions whilst engaged and cannot complete any Vehicle Special Actions.
5. All vehicles, unless stated otherwise, can only complete the following actions:
   - Vehicle Move Action
   - Vehicle Shooting Action
   - Aim Action
   - Vehicle Engage Action
   - Vehicle Special Actions
   - Pass Action
   - Close Combat Action
6. All Ranged Attacks of AVs or higher targeting a vehicle gain the 'Target Sense' Special Skill.
7. Vehicles can only roll an unsuccessful AV test if the AV of the Ranged or Close Combat Attack was Engaged to 0.

**Stats and Type of Vehicles**

**M** – Movement is the distance in inches that the vehicle can travel when making a basic Move Action. A vehicle's minimum movement distance can never be reduced below 2", unless specifically defined.

The maximum distance a vehicle can travel in inches in one Game Turn is triple its Movement Value. Vehicles can also pivot, to varying degrees dependent on their type, during their movement.

**CC** – Close Combat. The number required to roll on a D20 for a Close Combat test.

**RS** – Range Skill. The number required to roll on a D20 for a Range Skill test.

**WP** – Will Power. Used to cast and resist Psychic Powers.

**LD** – Leadership. The number required to roll on a D20 for a Morale test.

**Hit Location Table** – Each area on the Hit Location Table has a unique SP Value (Structure Point) and AV (Armoured Value) and lists the effect on a vehicle once its SP is reduced to 0 in the relevant hit location. The top row of the Hit Location Table is used to randomly determine the location of Structure Point Damage.

**AV Front** – Armoured Value Front. Modifier to Vehicle's AV when targeted in the Front Facing.

**AV Back** – Armoured Value Back. Modifier to Vehicle's AV when targeted in the Rear Facing.

**AP** – Action Points. The number of Action Points a vehicle can spend during an Activation.

**Pts** – Points. This number represents how much the model is worth and is used by the players to produce balanced opposing army lists.

**Vehicle Facing Areas**

**Walkers** – The facing area of a Walker is calculated by the size of its base and its maximum height, with a minimum height value of 1.75".

**Heavy Vehicles: Walkers, Tanks and Hoverers** – Uses the True Area, the actual size of the model is its facing area (excluding models' weapons).

**Tanks** – Uses the true area, the actual size of the model is its facing area (excluding models' weapons).

**Hoverers** – Uses the True Area, the actual size of the model is its facing area (excluding models' weapons).

**Bikes** – The facing area of a bike is calculated by the size of its base and its maximum height, with a minimum height value of 1.5".

**Jet Bikes** – The facing area of a Jet Bike is calculated by the size of its base and its maximum height, with a minimum height value of 2". Jet Bikes must travel at least ½ of their Movement Value every turn if they are not engaged. If for any reason a Jet Bike cannot travel its minimum distance then it will receive a ST15 AV/V10 piercing Autokit on the Body Location. Jet Bikes cannot be rammed.

**Vehicle Action Points**

Each vehicle has an allocated number of Action Points. This number can be found on the Vehicle Stat Card.

**Vehicle Actions**

If more than one Action requires an immediate reaction, the player with the Initiative decides the order that they are completed. No Action can be Activated more than once per model per game turn (unless stated otherwise).

**Vehicle Move Actions**

Only one type of Move Action described below can be used per model's activation.

**Tactical Move:** Spend 1 Action Point to travel a distance in inches equal to the Movement Value. Unless stated otherwise a vehicle can pivot up to 45 degrees during a Tactical Move Action.

**Combat Move:** Spend 2 Action Points to move the Movement Value of the vehicle in inches x2. Unless stated otherwise a vehicle can pivot up to 90 degrees during a Combat Move Action.

**Fast Move:** Spend 3 Action Points to move the Movement Value of the vehicle in inches x3. Unless stated otherwise a vehicle can pivot up to 180 degrees during a Fast Move Action.

**Pivoting:** Vehicles may change their orientation by pivoting on their centre point. Pivoting does not reduce the vehicle's Movement Value. Depending on the type of vehicle,
Moving through Terrain

Autohits caused by moving through Terrain are allocated to the Front Facing of the Vehicle.

Walkers: Walkers are not slowed down by moving through Light Terrain, but must take an AV test at AVV2 on their Leg location at the end of their Movement. The Movement of Walkers is Modified by –2 if they move through Heavy Terrain. Walkers cannot travel through Impassable Terrain.

Heavy Vehicles: Walkers: Heavy Walkers are not slowed down by Light or Heavy Terrain, but must take an AV test at AVV2 (which can be rerolled if failed) on their Leg location at the end of their Movement if they travelled through Heavy Terrain. Heavy Walkers cannot travel through Impassable Terrain.

Tanks and Heavy Vehicles: Tanks: Tanks are not slowed down by Light or Heavy Terrain, but must take an AV test at AVV2 (which can be rerolled if failed) on their Leg location at the end of their Movement if they travelled through Heavy Terrain. Tanks cannot travel through Impassable Terrain.

Hoverers and Heavy Vehicles: Hoverers: Hoverers are not slowed down by moving through Light Terrain, but must take an AV test at AVV2 on their Leg location at the end of their Movement. The Movement of Hoverers is Modified by –2 if they travel through Heavy Terrain. Hoverers cannot travel through Impassable Terrain.

Bikes: Bikes are not slowed down by moving through Light Terrain, but must take an AV test at AVV2 on their Leg location at the end of their Movement. The Movement of bikes is Modified by –2 if they travel through Heavy Terrain. Bikes cannot travel through Impassable Terrain.

Jet Bikes: Jet Bikes are not slowed down by moving through Light Terrain.

Vehicle Engage Actions

**Engage Action:** Spend 2 Action Points, this Action can only be completed by Walkers, Heavy Walkers, Bikes and Jet Bikes. Vehicle Engage Actions follow the rules in the Close Combat Section with the following exceptions:

- The Engaging Vehicle gains a Bonus to St and AVV depending on its type:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SOUND TYPE</th>
<th>ST MODIFIER</th>
<th>AVV MODIFIER</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BIKES/JET BIKES</td>
<td>+2</td>
<td>+1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WALKERS</td>
<td>+4</td>
<td>+2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HEAVY WALKERS</td>
<td>+8</td>
<td>+3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- If the Con test is failed then the rammed Model receives a Piercing Autohit at a St equal to the distance in inches between the start point of the ram and the Base or Footprint of the rammed Model.

- Ramming Engaged Models: If multiple Engaged Models survive a ramming, move the Models the minimum distance required away from the Vehicle’s ramming path. The Models must stay Engaged if possible, if there is no space to place the Models so that they stay Engaged, dis-engage the Models and place them within the minimum distance required from the Vehicle’s ramming path (in this case, the ramming player decides where the models are placed).

- Models which are forced to Disengage do not receive Free Slash.

- Ramming other Vehicles: Both the rammed and ramming Vehicles receive 1 Autohit for each 6” travelled by the ramming Vehicle during the Ram Action. The AVV of the Autohit is equal to the distance travelled by the ramming Vehicle divided by 2. The Ramming Vehicle takes an Autohit of an AVV equal to the distance it travelled divided by 3.

- The location of damage needs to be rolled off as normal for each Autohit.

- All Autohits against Vehicles are allocated to the relevant Facing. Continue this process until the nominated point has been reached or a Vehicle is rammed.

- **Vehicle Special Actions**

  - **Ram:** Spend 3 Action Points – This Action can only be completed by Tanks and Heavy Walkers. This Action counts as a Combat Move (Vehicle Move Action). Nominate a point on the battlefield that is within Movement Value X2 of the Vehicle making a Ram Special Action. A ram must be made in a straight line towards the nominated point. If this move brings it into B2B with any Model refer to the following rules:

    - **Ramming non-Vehicle Models:** Non-Vehicle Models in the Vehicle’s path must pass a Con test to avoid being Rammed. If the test is passed the Model successfully dodges the ramming Vehicle; move the rammed Model minimum distance needed to avoid the path of the ramming Vehicle.

    - **Torrent of Fire:** Spend 2 Action Points to make a Shooting Action with each of the Vehicle’s Ranged Weapons simultaneously.

- The Engage Bonus is only applied to the 1st Close Combat Attack of a Close Combat Action completed in the same Game Turn (even if the RoA of the weapon is more than 1).

- A Model must travel at least its unmodified Movement Value when completing an Engage Action to Claim the Engage Bonus.

- Turning a turret does not count as pivoting and can be made without spending a Model’s Action Points.

- **Vehicle Shooting Actions**

  Only one type of Shooting Action described below can be used per Model’s Activation.

  - **Fire:** Spend 1 Action Point to make a Shooting Action with any one Ranged Weapon following the rules in the Shooting Section.
LINE OF SIGHT AND WEAPONS RANGE:
The Line of Sight for all Vehicles, unless otherwise stated, is checked from the Ranged Weapon that is being fired. Range is measured from the Base/Footprint to the Target’s Base/Footprint.

Jet Bikes and Hoverers always ignore Light Cover Modifiers when making a Ranged Attack.

MAKING A RANGED ATTACK AT A VEHICLE:
The Player must select a Primary Target within range, LOS and Front Facing of the Model completing a Ranged Attack. Allocate a number of SP equal to the AVV Value of the weapon in the targets. At least the first 60 SP must be allocated to the Primary Target. A maximum of 200 SP can be allocated per Secondary Target. Cover Modifiers are calculated before any AVV test is made and all shots are considered to be fired at the same time. Therefore removal of one target will not affect the Cover Modifiers of another target.

1. If the Model has a weapon with a AVV AVV of 5 or higher, it has been reduced to 0 Structure Points. Any effects of Hit Locations are reduced to 0 Structure Points. Any effects of Hit Locations have been reduced to 0 Structure Points. Any effects of Hit Locations have been reduced to 0 Structure Points.

2. The Player then applies Modifiers to the Hit Location’s AVV Value and rolls a D20 to pass a AVV test for each allocated SP.

3. If the Player’s Model passes the AVV test, the Model completes a Ranged Attack and receives a Hustle Weapon Damage.

4. If the AVV test is successful, the Player making a Ranged Attack rolls D20 to Vehicle Hit Location.
Heroes of the Solar System

There are many Heroes in the Solar System, some are famous, some infamous and others aspired to be. Which one will become the next Mitch Hunter or Alakhai the Cunning?

Creating a Warg or Lord is easy, just follow the 5 Steps below:

1. Give the Hero a name and choose the Stat Line and Warlord/Lord Type:

   - Close Combat
   - Ranged
   - Tech
   - Psychic
   - LRD

2. Modify the Stat Line:

   - Each increment is worth 5 points (Weapons cost 5pts). You can Add or Remove to maximum numbers shown in the relevant Stats Boxes (i.e. +2/+2 = means that the Hero’s Stat can be increased by up to +2 for a total of 10 pts, or can be reduced by 1 reducing the cost of the Warlord by 5 pts).

3. Name the Hero’s Weapon(s) and note the Weapon Stat Line:

   - Each R or St point cost 5 pts. RoF/RoA cost 10 and AVV points cost 15pts.

4. Modify the Weapon Stat line:

   - For example: A Brotherhood Hero of the Solar System may only take Brotherhood Psychic powers.

5. And finally, select the Hero Special Skills and Psychic Powers:

   - Allocate the Hero to a Faction. The Hero uses the Faction General Rules. (Lords can be given any combination of Special Skills). The Hero may not be given the same Special Skill more than once. A Hero may only take Psychic Powers from it’s own Army list for points cost listed in the relevant Army section.

   - For example: A Brotherhood Hero of the Solar System may only take Brotherhood Psychic Powers. A Bauhaus Psycho Warlord is not allowed any Psychic powers, as there are no Bauhaus Psychic powers.

---

The realization hits him like a ton of bricks. He has been enhanced, he is now an Everassur. He was dehumanised before as a Chasseur, but this is so much more. Again he screams without screaming. Sahhan can no longer recall any of his actions since joining the Corporation, even that he joined the megacorporation by choice, not by force. Now, his mind is further wiped, even his name is slipping from what he knows to what he knew.

---


The Doctor nonchalantly shuts down Sahhan’s systems.

Brian Sahhan, are limited. You are now an Everassur, an honour that I, among many, would be all too willing to have bestowed upon myself.

Recognise the honour.”

---

The Everassur shakes in its harness, swearing in a binary chant. The scientists are used to such reaction and let it burn out, leaving it to roam the realm of physical reality.

---

The fan sounds like a constant roar. With a sound akin to cutlery being forcefully scraped across an earthenware plate, Brian Sahhan cries out in distress, his scream merely a muffled noise in the inaudible darkness. He attempts to flounder his cyclotron, but another, whole other machine, like a louder echo. He learns a ticking feedback. Talk. TICK. A hum of data from somewhere in the reaches of the Everassur’s mind, running, searching for a strand of code. As. He begins to experience the intoxicating new senses of being an Everassur; he feels his outer skin of protective alloy and hears the hubbub to which he is inaudible compressing metallic green blast. After what seems like an eternity he recognises a strand of code, then another, he begins to split the data apart.
Building your Offensive Force: When planning a game of Warzone Resurrection, players should agree on a point level and the Offensive Organisation Chart they wish to use. For the first few games we recommend using a small Force of 500 Points. We expect that normal Games will be 1000–1500 Points and played on a 4x4 or 6x4 foot Board using the Standard Offensive Organisation Chart. The other Offensive Organisation Charts are great if players want longer games or want to include some of the infamous Warzone Resurrection Heavy vehicles like the Bauhaus Grizzly or the Capitolian Leviathan.

Points: Each Model has a Points Value which depends on the Model’s likely effectiveness in the game. Building your skirmish force using the points system is a key part of the fun of Warzone Resurrection. It is not unusual for a squad to be given additional gear as part of their initial cost in the form of a variety of upgrades. Once paid for in points, this gear is a constant part of the Squad’s characteristics. Gear cards in the decks represent ‘special orders’, gear found on the battlefield and parachuted in as the battle progresses and as such are not part of the Squad’s points cost.

Offensive Organisation Charts (OOC): To ensure balance in the game, Warzone Resurrection follows an ‘Offensive Organisation Chart’ approach. There are four Offensive Organisation Charts available depending on size of game wanted. These game sizes are described as Standard, Heavy, Mega and Gargantuan.

The Standard OOC: The Standard OOC is likely to be the Tournament version of Warzone Resurrection as well as the normal Game played most of the time. We would expect this type of Game to last between 1 and 3 hours depending on Points Level used. Every Force in Warzone Resurrection must have a Warlord and Standard Games are no exception. In the Standard OOC Game each player must also take two Squads of Troops. All other Slots are optional.

The Heavy OOC: The Heavy OOC is very similar to the Standard OOC, but with a couple of variations. Firstly, a Heavy Vehicle can be taken and additionally a second optional ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slot is available. Secondly, the two ‘Light Vehicle/ Monster’ Slots can be swapped for one ‘Heavy Vehicle’ Slot and conversely, the ‘Heavy Vehicle’ Slot can be swapped for two ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slots.

For Example: Andre and Marshall are playing a Heavy Game and Andre wants to play 4 Orcas, so he has swapped his Heavy Vehicle slot for 2 ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slots. Marshall, on the other hand, wants to play two Bauhaus Grizzly Tanks, so he has swapped his 2 ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slots for an additional Heavy Vehicle Slot.

The Mega OOC: In the Mega OOC the number of Slots is doubled from that available in the Standard OOC. Still only 1 Warlord must be taken and the compulsory Troop requirement is doubled to four. The maximum Squad size for ‘Light Vehicles/Monster’ slots is doubled from that stated in the Squad entry.

For Example: Orcas are listed as maximum Squad size of 1, so in a Mega Game Squads of 2 Orcas can be fielded. Equally, Kunshu Dragonriders are listed as maximum Squad size 6, so can be fielded in Squads of up to 12. Minimum Squad size is unaffected so stays at 1 for both the Orcas and Kunshu Dragonriders.
The Gargantuan OOC: In the same way that the Mega OOC is the doubling of the Standard OOC, the Gargantuan OOC is double that of the Heavy OOC. Still only 1 Warlord must be taken and the compulsory Troop requirement is doubled to four. Additionally, at least one Heavy Vehicle must be taken. The maximum Squad size for ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ slots is doubled from that stated in the Squad entry. Two (or four) ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slots can be swapped for one (or two) Heavy Vehicle Slot(s) and conversely, the one optional ‘Heavy Vehicle’ Slot can be swapped for two ‘Light Vehicle/Monster’ Slots.

To add an extra dimension to Warzone Resurrection, a novel three tier approach to the Missions has been designed and incorporated. There are three types of Missions: Priority, Secondary and Corporate Agenda Missions. The number and type of Missions played in the Game are dependent on the ‘Battle Level’ chosen.

**Battle Levels**

Once the Players have chosen their army and the scenery has been setup the Player with Initiative must roll a D20 to determine Battle Level or in friendly Games the Players can decide this without the use of a D20.

**Priority Mission**

Before Deployment, the Player without the Initiative rolls a D20 to define the Priority Mission. The Priority Mission is worth up to 10 Mission Points for each Player.

**Secondary Missions**

If playing a Beta or Epsilon ‘Battle Level’ Game and after Deployment, each Player must roll for their Secondary Mission. If the result of the D20 roll is 1 or 2 the Player may choose which Mission they play. Each Player should make a note of their Mission and target Models (if appropriate) on a piece of paper to be revealed at the end of the Game. Secondary Missions are worth 5 Mission Points when completed and may have some value if partially completed. Check the Secondary Mission description to confirm.

**Mission Types**

**Priority Mission**

Before Deployment, the Player without the Initiative rolls a D20 to define the Priority Mission. The Priority Mission is worth up to 10 Mission Points for each Player.

**Secondary Missions**

If playing a Beta or Epsilon ‘Battle Level’ Game and after Deployment, each Player must roll for their Secondary Mission. If the result of the D20 roll is 1 or 2 the Player may choose which Mission they play. Each Player should make a note of their Mission and target Models (if appropriate) on a piece of paper to be revealed at the end of the Game. Secondary Missions are worth 5 Mission Points when completed and may have some value if partially completed. Check the Secondary Mission description to confirm.
Corporate Agenda Missions
If playing a Delta or Epsilon 'Battle Level' Game and after Deployment, each Player must roll for their Corporate Agenda Mission. If the result of the D20 roll is a 1 or a 2 the Player may choose which Mission they play. Each Player should make a note of their Mission and target Model (if appropriate) on a piece of paper to be revealed at the end of the Game. The value of each Mission varies and is listed in the Corporate Agenda Mission description.

Designer note: If playing for fun or narrative we strongly suggest each Player roll their Secondary and Corporate Agenda Mission secretly. It will add so much more narrative to the Game.

Victory Conditions
On the war-torn battlefields of Warzone Resurrection the margins of success or failure can be very subtle to determine. For each Mission completed the Player earns the following Mission Points:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Mission Points</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Priority Mission complete</td>
<td>+10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partial completion</td>
<td>+5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Mission complete</td>
<td>+5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Agenda complete</td>
<td>Variable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Completing all 3 Missions</td>
<td>Additional +10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Player with the most Mission Points at the conclusion of the Game wins. In case of a draw the Player with the lowest Body Count Value receives an additional Mission Point. If still a draw the Player who lost his Warlord first loses the Game. If both Warlords are alive the Player who has lost the most Troop Squad Commanders loses the Game. If, in the very unlikely situation that everything is still drawn, the Warlords enter a 'Duel'. Players roll for Initiative as normal and the Warlords are placed in B2B contact in their Front Facing. The Warlords start their Duel with all the Modifiers they had when the Game ended (including remaining Wounds). The Duel begins with the Player with the Initiative and continues until one of the Warlords is dead (reduced to zero or less Wounds). No other Models can take part or affect the Duel and Players may only 'Turn to Burn' the Warlords Resource Cards to use the Warlords Special Skills.

Table Zones
When the Convergence is not in play a Table Zone is equal to a Quarter of the Battlefield as defined in the Quarters Deployment Section. When the Convergence is included divide the Battlefield as described for Quarters, but consider the Convergence in its entirety as the fifth Table Zone (as such each Quarter loses its centre pointing corner taken by the Convergence).

Deployment
Deployment is dependent on the Priority Mission being played. There are five possible Deployment set-ups in Warzone Resurrection:

Quarters: In Missions using Table Quarter Deployment, the Player with Initiative chooses their Table Quarter first, the opponent has the opposite. For 4x4 foot tables Deployment is allowed in the 18” corner, as shown in the Quarter diagram. For 6x4 foot tables and larger use 24” Deployment Zones. If Squads cannot be deployed hold them in reserve and bring them on in Turn 2 from either board edge of the Deployment Zone. If they cannot be deployed in Turn 2 they count as casualties and add to the Body Count Value.

Battle Line: In Battle Line Missions the Player with the Initiative chooses a long table edge the opposing Player take the opposite table edge. The Player with Initiative deploys first, entirely within 6” from their table edge. Once the Player with Initiative has deployed the opposing Player deploys their Models. If Squads cannot be deployed hold them in reserve and bring them on in Turn 2 from your board edge. If they cannot be deployed in Turn 2 they count as casualties and add to the Body Count Value.

Escalation: In Escalation Missions all Models begin the Game off of the table, including Squads that can Infiltrate. The Player with the Initiative chooses their Primary table edge, the opponent takes the opposite table edge. At the beginning of each Turn, roll individually for each Squad in a Force. That Squad will arrive on a D20 roll of 10 or less in Game Turn 1, 15 or less in Game Turn 2 and automatically in Game Turn 3.

Once a Squad becomes available, roll on the following table to determine where they arrive.
A Squad must not enter the Game within 10” of an enemy Squad already deployed. If a Squad is unable to enter the Game because of this restriction, it will remain off the table and will roll again in the following Turn. The Squad may be placed up to 6” from the board edge and can be Activated as normal in this and subsequent Game Turns. Squads that can Infiltrate may be placed up to 12” from the determined board edge and can be Activated as normal.

Ambush: In Missions where a Player is using Ambush Deployment they must allocate 1 Squad to each table edge and deploy within 5” of it. Extra Squads above the first four Squads are then deployed within 5” of any table edge. Squads that can infiltrate or use Rapid Deployment may do so as normal.

The Convergence: The Convergence is defined from the centre point of the table. Measure 6” from the centre point in all directions and mark the resultant circle, this is the Convergence. The Convergence is also counted as a ‘Table Zone’ for some Objectives.

In Missions that require the use of Convergence Deployment, each Squad in the Force must have at least 2 Models (in Coherency with the Squad Commander) deployed within the diameter of the Convergence. Squads consisting of only 1 Model must be deployed in the Convergence. The Player with Convergence Deployment may not use the ‘Infiltrate’ Special Skill. Squads using Rapid Deployment must deploy wholly within 12” of the centre point of the table, or wholly within 6” of the Convergence.

Objective Markers.

After the table has been set up and Deployment decided, place three 30mm Objective markers on the table as follows: One marker will always be situated in the centre of the table, in the middle of the Convergence. The remaining two markers are placed an equal distance from the Convergence marker and the table edge along a central axis measured through the remaining no-man’s land (diagonally in a quarter’s Deployment or across the centre line in Battle Line Deployment). Markers cannot be placed in Impassable Terrain nor in Terrain where there is no physical access for ground troops; in such cases move the marker to the nearest appropriate position closest to intended position.

For Example: If Battle Line Deployment is being used, place one marker in the centre of the Convergence, then place the centre of the other two markers equidistance between the table edge and the first marker. In the case of a 4 foot wide board this will be at 12” from the Convergence marker, for a six foot long board this will be at 18”.

Objectives

Many Objectives require a Model to be in control of them. A Model counts as in control if it is within its CCWR distance from the Objective marker (or completely within the appropriate table Zone). If there is an enemy Model within 3” the Objective counts as contested (unless the enemy Model cannot claim or interact with Objectives). Heavy Vehicles cannot hold or contest Objectives. Some Objectives may need to be picked up and carried; the holding Model counts as controlling the Objective. Such Objectives cannot be contested. Models that are classified as Light Vehicles/Monsters and Heavy Vehicles cannot carry Objectives, no matter what Offensive Organisation slot they are in.

Body Count:

Every Model, including Vehicles, has a ‘Body Count Value’ equal to its Points Value. Add the Points Value together for all Models from a Force that have been removed from play (including destroyed Vehicles). This is the ‘Body Count Value’. Models that have fled the table count towards the Body Count Value. The Force with the lowest Body Count Value at the end of the Game wins Body Count Missions and or the extra Mission Point when the Game is drawn. In some cases a Squad is bought with a minimum number of Models. In this case divide the Squad cost by the number of Models.

For Example: Kim has a Squad consisting of five Models, which with all upgrades, cost 100 points. So each Model is worth 20 points (100/5=20) for Body Count purposes.

Ending the Game:

There are three possible ways to end a Standard Game of Warzone Resurrection:

The Spoils of War: At the conclusion of Turn 5 the Game will end if one Player has achieved their Priority Mission Objective. If the Game does not end on Turn 5 it may end at the conclusion of any subsequent Turn as long as a Priority Mission has been achieved.

Disengage: The Game will end automatically at the end of Game Turn 8.

Target Achieved: Some Missions result in ending of the Game at the end of an earlier Game Turn.

Designer Note: This uncertainty adds another level of excitement to the Game, but means the Players really need to pay attention to their opponent’s actions. A good Warlord doesn’t get blinded by the fog of war!
### Priority Missions:

1. **Kill Them All (D20: 1-2)**
   - **Deployment:** Quarters (D20: 1-10) or Battle Line (D20: 11-20) (Player with Initiative Rolls)
   - **Both Players Must Destroy All the Enemy Forces in the Area.**
     - At the end of the game each player must work out the percentage of their Point Value that is removed from play. A player that removes the entirety of an enemy one quarter of their original Point Value successfully completes this Mission. Partial completion occurs when a player reduces the enemy's total to less than one quarter of their original Point Value.
     - For example, Steve and Rich are playing a 1000 point Game. At the end of it, Rich has lost 75% of his army (751.5 points) and Steve 520 points (52%). At each Game Turn, if a Model has completed its Turn but has reduced Rich’s army by more than 75% (i.e., more than 520 points), it is considered to have completed its mission. Steve has lost more than half (50%) of his army.

2. **Supply Run (D20: 3-4)**
   - **Deployment:** Battle Line
   - **In the Supply Run, each player must seize and retrieve Vital Resources.**
     - A 30mm ‘Supply Run’ token should be placed on each Objective marker. When a Model makes contact with a token the Model may use an Action Point to pick it up. A Model may carry a single token. The Model may only complete the Movement Action (Run or March) on an additional -3 modifier if the Model is eliminated, Broken or pinned. The token is then in base contact. Tokens cannot be moved by Models on a Large Base or Warlords. Models with the token cannot use any Special Skills, cannot be affected by any Cards in play or equipment that increases Movement or Movement Value in any way (although they can be decreased as normal).
     - In order to complete this Mission, a player must have at least two ‘Supply Run’ tokens completely in their Deployment Zone at the end of any Game Turn. If a player fails to complete the Supply Run by Game Turn 3 onwards, at this point the Game ends. Partial Mission completion occurs if at the end of the Game a Player has at least one token in their Deployment Zone and another Model in possession of a second token.

3. **Seize Ground (D20: 5-6)**
   - **Deployment:** Battle Line
   - **Each Player Must Capture and Control a Vital Area in No Man’s Land.**
     - A Player must have a least half their surviving Models, including Vehicles in the Convergence and no enemy Models in the Convergence to successfully complete this Mission. This can occur at the end of any Game Turn from Turn 4 onwards. If the Game ends with Disengage, a player is considered as having failed to control the Convergence but have half of their surviving Models within the Convergence.

4. **Reconnaissance (D20: 7-8)**
   - **Deployment:** Quarters (with the Convergence Zone in Place)
   - **Each Player has been Passed with Scouting Ahead of the Main Force to Check for Enemy Presence. The More Reconnaissance performed in the Field, the Better.**
     - A Player controls a Table Zone (including the Convergence) if they have at least one Model and no enemy Models completely in the particular Zone at the end of the Game. The Zone controls are: center/both contain any Model-Heavy Vehicles or Models which cannot interact with Objective markers from more than one Player’s zone. To complete the Priority Mission a Player must control three of the five Zones at the end of the Game Turn 5. If the Game ends with Disengage, a Player is considered as partially completing the Mission if they control three Zones. Each Squad may only claim up to two Zones.

5. **Fighting Withdrawal (D20: 9-10)**
   - **Deployment:** Battle Line
   - **Squad that can use Initiative or Rapid Deployment may not be initially placed beyond the centre line of their half of the table (although they may scatter outside).**
     - The Players must capture and hold all 3 Objective markers uncontested at the end of the Game to complete this Mission. If neither Player is doing this at the end of Turn 5, the game is continued as long as one. If the Game ends with Disengage, this Mission is considered as partially completed. If a Player captures all three Objective markers, they have completed their Mission and move on to the next turn in their Deployment Zone.

### Other Missions:

   - **Deployment:** Convergence, Escalation
   - **The Major had them in his sights, but Jones tripped a booby trap alerting the enemy. The ambush has gone to hell!**
     - The Player with the Initiative chooses to be the attacking or defending Player. The attacking Player goes first, deploying using ‘Escalation’ deployment. The defending Player deploys second, using a ‘Convergence’ deployment. The attacking Player must end the Game with a quarter of their starting Point Value inside the Convergence ready for extraction. The defending Player must end the Game with a quarter of their starting Point Value within 6” of any table edge. There’s nothing for Partial Completion of this Mission, it’s all or nothing.

7. **Take and Hold (D20: 13-14)**
   - **Deployment:** Quarters (D20: 1-10) or Battle Line (D20: 11-20) (Player with Initiative Rolls)
   - **Command has decided that it wants to set up a new Forward Operating Base. The Warlord has been chosen to take and hold the area ready for the Engineers.**
     - The Players must capture and hold all 5 Objective markers uncontested at the end of the Game to complete this Mission. If neither Player is doing this at the end of Turn 5, the game is continued as long as one. If the Game ends with Disengage, a Player is considered as partially completing the Mission if they control two Objective markers.
8. Ambush ([D20; 15-16])

DEPLOYMENT: AMBUSH: CONVERGENCE

The enemy is right where the Warlord wants them. ADJACENT JUST OVER THE HILL AND THEIR SENTRIES ARE LACKING. THE ENEMY WILL BE THE PERFECT PREY FOR THE AMBUSH!

The Player with the Initiative chooses whether to be the attacker or defender. The attacking Player sets up using Ambush Deployment and will go first. The Defending Player deploys next, using Convergence Deployment. The attacking Player must reduce the enemy Quarter of Starting Point Value by the end of Game Turn 5. The Defending Player must end the Game with above a half of its starting Point Value in order to achieve their Objective. The Defending Player is below a half but above a quarter of its starting Point Value at the end of Game Turn 5.

9. Search and Destroy ([D20; 17-18])

DEPLOYMENT: BATTLE LINE (WITH THE TABLE ZONED INTO QUARTERS AND THE CONVERGENCE ZONE IN PLACE)

The Warlord’s force is on a patrol in Mano’s land and is patrolling the area too. Orders are to search and destroy any enemys.

To win this Mission a Player must be in control of four of the five table Zones at the end of Turn 5. If neither Player is doing this the Game will continue until one is. A Zone is claimed by any Model completely in the Zone (except Models which cannot claim or interact with objectives) if there are no enemy Models also in the Zone at the end of a Game Turn. Each Squad can only control up to 2 Zones. If the Squad is spread over more than two Zones they cannot hold or control any Zone. Additionally, in order to win the Player must reduce the enemy to less than half of their starting Point Value while looting their own army above a quarter to win this Mission. If the Game ends with both having a partial victory, it will have been a draw. The Zones are controlled at the end of the Game.

10. Free for All ([D20; 19-20])

DEPLOYMENT: ESCALATION

The Big Assault on the enemy forces has failed. The Warzone has become a TOTAL FREE FOR ALL. EVERY MAN FOR HIMSELF. FRIENDLY TROOPS ARE SCATTERED AND MUST BE REACH THE RENDEZVOUS WITH THE MINIMUM LEADER POSSIBLE. THE ONLY HITCH IS THAT THE ENEMY HAS CHosen THE SAME RENDEZVOUS LOCATION.

Character choices are set up in advance. At the beginning of the Game each Player is given a random choice and is given an Objective marker to be their objective point. Both Players then reveal their choice before the Game starts. To win the Game a Player must have all their surviving Models within 12'' of their marker and no enemy Models within 15'' at the end of any Game Turn from Game Turn 5 onwards. If the Game ends, with opponent a partial victory is won. If a Player ends the Game with all their surviving Models within 15'' of their Objective marker, independent of the location of enemy Models.

Vlasta Adisa strode into the Cathedral. Her helmit was shag long off her hip exposing the corded room inside of her hair and dark long shoulders. She advanced in a surprisingly graceful manner that led Vlasta Adisa to be known as the Valkyrie of the Heaven, the finest of the finest. Adisa who nodded her head to the back of the chair, the perfect embodiment of the holy motherland name. She strode to the Cathedral, Adisa arrived the look of the Rival Fian, hand, and awaited. Fian was a man with a face of fire and the ‘Fire, my child.’ He smiled and wished for the good to return so again. Does this mean you have successful news to report?”

I ‘see,’ he said, disappointment in his voice, ‘How unfortunate. Please explain.’

Adisa had her arm of Valkyries, Malorie, Dawn, Lois and Kimberly, as well as two units of Troopers supporting her more than enough to chase a stream of bluish dealt allies. The clearing zone was in the shipping district of the Basilisk controlled area. Skaven and take prisoners for subsequent information gathering.

The silence of the night was broken only by the sound of heavy boots approaching. In a hushed tone, Adisa had cars were firing up the enemy, Adisa was in her presence in the Basilisk controlled area.

In a matter of seconds that felt like an eternity, Adisa and her forces reached the building. At one, the Valkyries broadcast the order. Dawn used her Punisher handgun to shatter the locks, and took a stance to the side of the door. Malorie’s Castigator was cleared of the remained undead. As the Warlord entered, leveling its Nargoth at the ground. Stout of weapons and energy crumpled across the Valkyries as they quickly dealt with the two and closer threat.

Adisa bolted through the room at a breakneck pace, realizing that this threat needed to be eliminated quickly, or not at all. With a battle cry to the sky. The moment passed the ramp, press-in, and start to the door. Adisa no longer stood at the door, but was in the room itself, her weapon ready. The other members of the Valkyrie team had swept in to entrust combat training and supremacy in equal measure to deadly effect. Foil blades dripping with essence were simply too much for them.

The Razide was a brute, but no fool. He took a lucky shot at the back of one of the Valkyries. The blow from the heavy Nargoth through the plate’s breast. A series of movements of the creature stepped towards the Razide, and delivered a ferocious blow. The Razide fell to the ground. Adisa used her Castigator, and closed in on the Razide. The necromutants seemed torn; half of their number continued firing outside, while the rest turned inward as the Valkyries entered, levelling its Nargoth at the group. Stout of weapons and energy crumpled across the Valkyries as they quickly dealt with the two and closer threat. The Razide was a brute, but no fool. He took a lucky shot at the back of one of the Valkyries. The blow from the heavy Nargoth through the plate’s breast. A series of movements of the creature stepped towards the Razide, and delivered a ferocious blow. The Razide fell to the ground. Adisa used her Castigator, and closed in on the Razide. The necromutants seemed torn; half of their number continued firing outside, while the rest turned inward as the Valkyries entered, levelling its Nargoth at the group. Stout of weapons and energy crumpled across the Valkyries as they quickly dealt with the two and closer threat.

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Secondary Missions:

1. Ammo Dump (U20: 3-5)
THE AMMO DUMP MARKER MUST BE DESTROYED.

When the Objective Marker is correctly 'Target Identified' any Model in 8” contact with the marker may use one Action Point to set charges on the ammo dump. When this is done it will explode at the end of the Game Turn. An explosion is centred on the Objective marker: causing a S17 Blast A VV3 Autohit within a range of D20/4” (measured from Objective marker Base edge). The ammo dump must explode before the end of the Game in order to successfully complete this Mission Objective.

2. Experimental Tech (U20: 5-9)
ONE MARKER REPRESENTS AN INVALUABLE PIECE OF EXPERIMENTAL TECH; THE WARLORD HAS A CLEAR OPPORTUNITY TO GAIN FAVOUR WITH THEIR SUPERIORS, FAILURE IS NOT AN OPTION.

In order to complete this Mission, one Model must end the Game in control of the 'Target Identified' marker. If the Objective is contested, the Mission failed.

3. Vital Intelligence (U20: 9-11)
ONE MARKER REPRESENTS A VITAL INTELLIGENCE WHICH THE WARLORD MUST RECOVER AT ALL COSTS.

In order to complete this Mission, a Model (which can claim or interact with objective markers) must be in 8” contact with the 'Target Identified' marker during recovery turns. This Recovery Turn must only perform basic shooting Actions during this Recovery Turn. If engaged the recovery fails for that Game Turn, but can be resubmitted in subsequent Game Turns. Recovery of the Vital Intelligence completes the Mission Objective.

4. Communications Relay (U20: 12-14)
The optimum place for a Communications Relay is the High Ground.

When the Game ends, at least one Model must hold the highest non-Impassable level of Terrain on the table with no enemy Models in 2” range or more of elevated Terrain are of equivalent height, the one with the largest footprint/area is the Objective. If there is still a tie, the piece of Terrain that is closest to the centre of the table is the Objective. If there is still a tie, either one can be chosen as the Objective/Players choose before the Game starts. In the case that there is no high ground on the table the Objective must be placed in the centre of the convergence. To avoid contention the Players should agree on the location before the Game begins.

5. Inspiring Leadership (U20: 15-17)
THERE ARE WHISPERS ABOUT THE WARLORD'S CAPABILITY AND MORALE IS LOW; HE MUST SET AN EXAMPLE: EACH MEMBER OF THE FORCE LOOKS TO HIM FOR AN UNSPOKEN, UNQUANTIFIABLE BOOST. IT IS TIME TO INSPIRE THE TROOPS.

The Warlord must survive the Game, inflict at least two Wounds on the enemy and end the Game closer to an enemy Model than any friendly Model in order to successfully complete this Mission Objective. If he is Engaged with an enemy Model at the end of the Game the Mission is automatically completed.

6. RGD (U20: 18-20)
SECRETLY IDENTIFY AND RECORD ONE ENEMY SQUAD COMMANDER OR LORD MODEL. COMMAND HAS ISSUED ORDERS TO RECOVER A PIECE OF THEIR GEAR FOR THE RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT BOFFINS TO EXAMINE.

The Identified Model must be eliminated in Close Combat to successfully complete this Mission Objective.

Extracted from the Annals of the Ministry of War, annotated by the hand of Lord Marshall Sternov, for internal reference only.

It is with a mixture of pride and frustration that I must enter yet another commendation for Major Steiner into the official records. Major Steiner has this day returned from yet another successful mission against the servants of the Dark Soul, a mission for which he deserves to be commended at the highest degree. The official pronouncement has been drafted and the commoners are sure to lap it up. Another victory against the darkness, another battle honour for one of our corporation’s greatest living heroes. They shall hear all about how he single-handedly gave a mightyEurofogh, and how he held at bay a swarm of heretics and Sacristans as his comrades extracted their wounded. They shall hear how the masters and mistresses of the House of White Petals, a establishment he apparently keeps in business almost on his own, shall collapse in adoration when they see the images captured of him as he returned from battle, covered in blood, all of it that of his foes.

What the adoring masses will not learn is that Major Steiner was, on the very morning of that battle, dragged from the protesting arms of a bevy of the most exclusive and expensive courtiers of the House of White Petals, an establishment he apparently keeps in business almost on his own. He was so savagely drunk the military police who located him believed it impossible that he would be able to fight in less than three hours’ time, yet following my orders they brought him back to my command where I delivered my briefing.

It never fails to amaze me how this noble-born son of our glorious corporation can transform from an arrogant, swaggering dissolute to the noblest of heroes almost in the blink of an eye. Still more incredible is the fact that he seems able to transform back again just as quickly. I have great difficulty reconciling the two or determining which is the true Steiner. While the Ministry of War has use of him and the commoners adore him so, I shall stay my judgement, so long as it serves us to do so.
**Corporate Agenda Missions:**

### 1. The Lamb (5-15)
SECRETLY RECORD ONE FRIENDLY SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL IS THE LAMB. THE LAMB MUST DIE; THIS COULD BE FOR ANY REASON FROM SOMEONE WORTHY OF BACKSTABBING OR JUST TOO INEPT TO LEAD THE SQUAD.

To complete this Mission the Lamb must die. If he is removed as a casualty in Game Turn 1-4 he is worth 5 Mission points; if he is removed in Game Turn 5 or later he is worth 3 Mission points.

### 2. Corporate Insider (5-15)
SECRETLY IDENTIFY AND RECORD ONE ENEMY TROOP SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL IS THE CORPORATE INSIDER; HE IS AN EXTREMELY IMPORTANT SLEEPER AGENT WITHIN THE ENEMY’S RANKS, AND MUST BE KEPT ALIVE AT ALL COSTS.

The Corporate Insider must survive the Game in order to successfully complete this Mission Objective. This Mission is worth 5 points if completed.

### 3. Glory Hunter (7-16)
SECRETLY RECORD ONE FRIENDLY TROOP SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL IS THE GLORY HUNTER. THIS SQUAD COMMANDER HAS DECLARED THAT HE IS THE MOST HARD AS NAILS LEADER IN THE FORCE AND IS PLANNING TO SHOW EVERYONE; EVEN AT THE EXPENSE OF HIS OWN MEN.

Keep close record of each Wound inflicted by all Troop Squad Commanders in the Force. The ‘Glory Hunter’ must exceed the tally of Wounds caused by any other friendly Troop Squad Commanders to successfully complete this Mission Objective. This Mission is worth 5 points if completed.

### 4. Blood Feud (9-16)
SECRETLY RECORD A FRIENDLY SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL IS HOLDING A PROFOUNDLY PERSONAL GRUDGE AGAINST THE ENEMY FORCES AND WILL NO MATTER WHAT DESTROY THE ENEMY COMMAND STRUCTURE.

Keep close track of the Body Count Value for each enemy Model eliminated by this Squad Commander. The Model must kill three times its own Point Value to successfully complete this Mission Objective. This Mission is worth 5 points if completed.

### 5. Sabotage (11-12)
SURVEILLANCE HAS BEEN MONITORING ENEMY ACTIVITY AND MAY HAVE FOUND A WAY TO SABOTAGE THEIR COMMUNICATIONS NETWORK.

In order to successfully complete this Mission, destroy the enemy communications network (represented by the three Objective markers) they have the following profile: AVD SP2. 5 Mission points are achieved if all three Objective markers are successfully destroyed, 3 Mission points if only two are destroyed.

### 6. Rookies (13-14)
SECRETLY MARK ONE SQUAD FROM YOUR FORCE, THIS IS THE ROOKIE SQUAD.

More than 50% of the Rookie Squad Models must survive the battle to successfully complete this Mission. This Mission is worth 5 points if completed.

### 7. Corporate Honour (15-16)
SECRETLY IDENTIFY AND RECORD ONE ENEMY SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL CARRIES AN IMPORTANT RELIC WHICH RIGHTEOUSLY BELONGS TO YOUR CORPORATION (OR THE LEGION) AND TO ADD INJURY TO INJURY HE IS DISPLAYING IT PROUDLY IN THE MOST AFFRONTING OF MANNERS. THE MODEL MUST DIE, THERE IS NO DOUBT ABOUT THAT; MOST IMPORTANTLY THE ITEM MUST BE RECOVERED TO RESTORE HONOUR.

The chosen Squad Commander Model must be eliminated. To obtain the Relic token from the point where he fell it is claimed automatically when a non-Vehicle or Monster Model removes the target Model from play via a Close Combat Attack. The Model is eliminated by any other means, place the Relic token in base contact with the eliminated Model before the Model is removed from play. The token can be retrieved by any non-Vehicle or Monster Model from any side for 1 Action Point. When the token is claimed it may be carried without penalty. If killed any subsequently turn the Model carries the Relic token remains in play where the Model was removed and can again be retrieved by any non-Vehicle or Monster Model from any side for 1 Action Point. To complete this Mission, one of your Models must be carrying the Relic token at the end of the Game. This Mission is worth 10 Mission Points.

### 8. Prisoner Grab (17-18)
THE CORPORATE INTELLIGENCE DIVISION HAS CALLED FOR A PRISONER GRAB TO GAIN INSIGHT INTO THE ENEMY’S FORCES AND MOVEMENTS WITHIN THIS WARZONE.

An enemy Model from two separate Squads must be caught over the course of the battle. To capture a Model he must be successfully held (using a ‘Hold him down!’ Close Combat Special Action) and then must be successfully removed from play via a Close Combat Attack. This Model is eliminated in Game terms and counts towards Body Count. Results are for purposes of this Mission. 5 Mission points are won if only one Model is captured, 3 Mission points if two Models are captured.

### 9. The Rising Star (19-20)
SECRETLY IDENTIFY AND RECORD AN ENEMY WARLORD OR LORD; THIS MODEL IS THE RISING STAR, HE MUST BE MAIMED OR PREFERABLY ELIMINATED TO DEMORALISE THE ENEMY FORCES.

If this Model is eliminated, 5 Mission points are won; if reduced to one Wound, 3 Mission points.

### 10. The Lamb (5-15)
SECRETLY RECORD ONE FRIENDLY SQUAD COMMANDER, THIS MODEL IS THE LAMB. THE LAMB MUST DIE; THIS COULD BE FOR ANY REASON FROM SOMEONE WORTHY OF BACKSTABBING OR JUST TOO INEPT TO LEAD THE SQUAD.

To complete this Mission the Lamb must die. If he is removed as a casualty in Game Turn 1-4 he is worth 5 Mission points; if he is removed in Game Turn 5 or later he is worth 3 Mission points.
PLAYING WARZONE RESURRECTION:
STARTING A GAME!

1. Decide whether a Basic or Advanced Game is to be played.
2. What Offensive Organisation Chart (OOC) is being used
   We would recommend using the Standard Offensive Organisation Chart
   for normal games.
3. The Point Level of the Game.
   We would recommend 1000-3000 Points for a normal game
   of approximately 12 hours in duration.
4. Build your Army and Card Deck (for Advanced Games),
   remembering the OOC, Points allowance and Card Restrictions.
5. Decide what board (battlefield) size will be used.
   For a standard game we recommend a 4x4 or 6x4 board.
6. Add Terrain - as Warzone Resurrection is a skirmish game and Terrain
   is important, we would recommend at least 45% Coverage of Terrain,
   take it in turns to place Terrain onto the board, starting with a randomly chosen
   player. Agree the footprint, AV and BF (if required) and the type of Cover
   for each Terrain Piece.
7. Roll for Initial Initiative and then Missions.
8. Place Objective markers as ascribed in the appropriate Mission.
9. Place the Resource Cards and Deck (for the Advanced Game) on the Table.
10. The Players forces are set-up on the board in Squad Coherency,
    as ascribed by their Squad types and the Mission Rules.
11. The Player with the Initiative starts the first Game Turn
    by Activating their first Squad.
12. Once the Player with Initiative has Activated all the Models in the Active
    Squad, play moves to the opposing Player, who Activates a Squad etc...

Designer Note: For your first Game of Warzone Resurrection we would suggest
playing a Standard OOC Game, using a Ruleset. After a few games and Force
Balance are not so important as you and
your friends learn how to play Warzone
Resurrection. Maybe in your second
Game you could add a Priority Mission
and balance the opposing forces
500 or maybe 750 Points. As you
become more confident in the rules
introduce the Advanced Rules and
Secondary and Corporate Agenda
Missions and increase to 1000+ Points.